Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum.

VOL. XII. BELLEFONTE, PA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 24, 1880. NO. 12.

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

JOHN KELLY proposes to exhibit a very superior article of backbone during the next few months.

THE Davis and Palmer booms are having it nip and tuck, with the chances decidedly in favor of neither of them.

JOHN M. PALMER has formerly announced himself as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for the Presidency.

THE Hancock boom has been considerably strengthened during the past ten days. It may upset Tilden's calculations yet.

THE tide is slowly but steadily setting against Tilden, and if he doesn't get up and stir himself not even his "bar'l" can turn it.

THE David Davis boom has stuck fast in the mud, and there seems to be a disposition on the part of the Davis men to let it stick.

HANCOCK'S friends are said to be very jubilant over his chances. If any other man than Grant is nominated at Chicago, though, Hancock will "drap."

A BLAINE delegation from Rhode Island is evidently a surprise to the third termers. There will be more surprises of the same sort directly from the West.

THE victims of the "15" game are now going for Tilden, as it is reported that it was invented by that gentleman as a new cypher dispatch for the campaign of 1880.

CALIFORNIA begins to see what a hollow Constitution she has, and feels the necessity of revising it. It is safe to predict that that State will not make another such blunder in the future.

SUNSET COX has gone from the humorous to the absurd. His savage attack on the Supreme Court did not seriously damage that body, but left "little Buttercup" in a terribly demoralized condition.

REPORTS unfavorable to Tilden's chances for the Democratic nomination continue to come in from all quarters. But the Gramercy Park statesman winks a knowing wunk and murmurs, "My bar'l is still trump."

GARCELON has decided to stay in Maine, which is a good thing for the country. It's dangerous for such a man as he is to be prowling about at large. We should think he would want to crawl into a cave to spend the rest of his days.

TILDEN will have another opportunity ot doing a little explaining and scientific dodging. He and his bankers have been ordered to produce their books in the United States District Court at New York for a trial of the famous income tax suit next May.

THE Richmond *State* (Dem.) says there is no fight in Tilden. He is a very good holiday soldier, a fine militia general; but when war threatens or the time comes for action, he prefers to be at a safe distance and in a private station. He should, therefore, "no more be officer of ours."

MISFORTUNE has finally overtaken Kearney, and the country rejoices. For using incendiary and threatening language, he has been sentenced to six months' imprisonment and to pay a fine of $1,000, and it is reasonable to expect that we may now be relieved, for a time, of his silly and indecent vaporings. In the meantime Dennis will have plenty of opportunity to reflect upon his past course, and the sudden change in his situation may be the means of engrafting a little common sense and manliness into his over-heated cranium.

Democratic Disloyalty.

Wednesday of last week was a pretty lively day in Congress. The debate on the Immediate Deficiency bill was decidedly animated, and was marked by a ringing speech by General Garfield, denouncing the encouragement given to law-breakers by the Democratic party. The speech of Mr. Garfield was one of the most effective ever delivered in that body, and commanded the attention of Democrats as well as Republicans. Concerning the stand taken by Mr. Edmunds the New York *Tribune* says under the above heading:

"Once more, Mr. Garfield has spoken for the entire Republican party. The fiery indignation, to which he gave expression so eloquently, is shared by every sincere Republican. This feeling is not confined to politicians; "plain people," as Mr. Lincoln called them, who are honest and law-abiding, regard the course of the Democratic party with intense indignation. Republicans expect from their opponents earnest dissent and strong resistance, as to the methods and principles upon which the Government shall be conducted. Toward no man have they a right to feel bitterly on account of such dissent. But they have a right to expect that submission to law shall be universal; that Democrats as well as Republicans shall at all times obey and uphold the law whether they like it or not. Without this spirit of genuine loyalty, self-government cannot be maintained. Indeed, the form of self-government will be undesirable, whenever force and fraud, brute force and blind prejudice, overpower the intelligently formed and freely expressed will of the people, acting through constitutional and lawful methods. When the Democratic party shows itself unwilling to submit to the will of the people, thus expressed, or to obey or uphold laws passed in pursuance of the Constitution, it proves that it is not fit to have any part in self-government, but is really striving to overthrow free institutions and Mexicanize the Government.

"The Democratic leaders get very angry when they are told that they and their supporters are enemies of free institutions, and are fit for nothing better than a despotism. Like Mr. McMahon, in the debate with Mr. Garfield, they usually denounce the accusation with great intemperance of language. But it is high time for them to know that the Republican voters of this country have ceased to feel that the Democratic party is a constitutional or loyal opposition. These voters see in the Democratic party only a conspiracy of rebels, law-breakers, and unprincipled spoils-hunters. They find that the Democratic party is now, and for years has been, entirely under the leadership and direction of its worst and most dangerous elements; of men who are ready to defy or nullify any law, to carry any election by fraud or force, and to trample upon the Constitution itself, in order to grab the offices and the spoils, or to reinstate rebelism in power. These are not pleasant things to say or believe. But the Republicans say them, through their faithful representatives, because they fully believe them; and they believe them because the whole history of the Democratic party for twenty years proves that they are true. Again and again, Republicans have been eager to believe better things. Kindly and conciliatory measures have been adopted, and a liberal policy has been tried again and again, in the hope that Democratic disloyalty — Democratic determination to rule in spite of law and by the breaking or defying law—had at last ceased. At every such experiment, the old spirit has broken out, worse than ever, and it is now more dangerous to free institutions than it was when armed rebels at the South and sympathizing copperheads at the North threatened disunion.

"The Republicans do not forget that the Democratic party threatened to rebel if a Republican President should be elected, and did rebel. They do no forget that the Democratic party tried to nullify reconstruction acts by White Leagues and Ku-Klux clans, and resorted to systematic assassination to defeat the will of the people. They do not forget that a desire for a liberal policy at the North has been followed at the South by bulldozing, force, and frauds of the most infamous kind. They do not forget that the Democratic party tried to steal the Presidency by bribing electors, and still upholds the men whose cipher dispatches would have deprived them forever of the countenance of any other party, in this or any other land. They do not forget the revolutionary threats and efforts of the extra session, nor the attempt to sweep away all obstacles of fraud at elections, even at the cost of stopping the wheels of government They do not forget the attempt to steal the power in Maine, by most shameless violation of law and prostitution of official trusts. They see, at this very time, that the Democratic party is about to trample upon all law, in the unseating of Senator Kellogg and several duly elected Representatives, in order to prepare the way for stealing the Presidency next winter, and seating a man not elected by the people, and in defiance of their will. The Democrats must remember that these things cause and justify the belief which the Republicans have, and which their leaders utter. They compel candid men to believe that the Democratic party is as rebellious, as revolutionary, as malignant and disloyal as it has been at any time in its past history."

THERE is going to be a big fallout among the Maine pirates before long. Garcelon's attempt to throw all the blame for the attempt to steal the State upon his Council has had the effect of getting one member "on his ear." Mr. Fogg, who relieves his mind on the subject in an interview in the Lewiston *Journal*. He says he can only account for the ex-Governor's testimony on the ground that he has "softening of the brain," or has been incorrdctly reported. If the report is correct, he thinks "they must have got him drunk." He then admits that "there was a ring in the Council," but declares that he wasn't in it. "Garcelon's advisers were outside the Council; the Council could take no action without the Governor's sanction." Fogg sums up Garcelon's career in three blunders: First, in asking the opinion of the Supreme Court; second, in appointing Chamberlain; and third, in going before Hale's committee. There was one previous to these, and that was in ceasing to be an honest man.

THE New York *Tribune:* Garcelon clearly intends to make his Council the scapegoat for all the crimes of his conspiracy. He admits that some of the acts committed by the members of his Council were gross outrages, and confesses that he was guilty of neglect of duty in not looking into the matter more closely. He declares that upon one occasion when a glimmer of suspicion seems to have penetrated into his guileless mind, he asked the Councillors whether, on their honor, they were tabulating the returns honestly, and they assured him that they were. He calls acts which they are now shown to have committed "cheat and forgery," and thus indicts them of the additional charge of falsehood. After he is through with the exhibition of his innocence, some testimony from the accused Councillors will be awaited with interest.

GARCELON is paterning after Tilden, and is now playing the "didn't know" dodge. He denies that he had any knowledge of the crimes of his associates. For want of better evidence, the country will continue to doubt his word.

Are the People Ready?

Are the people ready to let the Southern rebels gain at the ballot-box what they failed to gain by the trial at arms? The Southern portion of the Democratic party insist that Southern Mexican soldiers who lost their pensions by participating in the rebellion shall receive them again, or else Union maimed soldiers shall not receive aid from the government. In speaking upon this subject the Harrisburg *Telegraph* says: "Talk about the rebel spirit ever dying out — of demands of traitors ever giving way—of the pretensions of those who warred on the Government, that they were right, diminishing. While the Democratic party has strength to elect open, positive, undisguised enemies of Federal rule to places of honor and trust in its law-making branch, this feeling will show itself. As evidence of what we say, the fact is now openly referred to that the Southern Democracy are resolved to defeat all claims for pension by loyal men, by those who earned their annuities in service to the Federal Government unless the claims of rebels for pensions are also granted. This is not a thing in disguise. The Southern Democracy, unlike those of the North, do little, if anything, in a disguised way. What they are, *they are*, openly and outwardly, and in this matter of pensions, they claim that the country and Government, in which they now live and help to control, must be made to pay pensions to the Mexican soldiers who afterwards joined the confederacy, or no pensions shall be paid to the men who were disabled in the Union cause. Here is the direct developed and determined issue. It is the essence of Democratic principle, the whole intention of Democratic effort to control the administration of the Federal Government. If this were not so, there would be no motive in the Southern people seeking places in Congress and positions as heads of department and chief magistrate. The issue on the pension involves the issue on all other important points of interest to the people of the South. They are not struggling in politics to advance the material growth of the North, or the East, or the West. They have no purpose in their politics disconnected from the interests of what we regard as the defunct, but what they look upon as merely the deferred, confederacy. Step by step these men are showing this. They now say that unless all the maimed survivors of the army of Mexico, which fought to destroy the Union, get pensions, no pension shall be paid to Union soldiers. Are the people ready for the question?

IT IS SAID that Dennis Kearny was surprised when he was sentenced to pay a fine of $1,000 and be imprisoned six months in the county jail. This brawler has disturbed the peace of California for more than two years. He had openly advocated murder, arson and riot. He has named men who should be hanged by the mob, and has made ostentatious preparations for the erection of a gallows. No such incendiary has ever before been permitted to remain at large so long as he, yet for some mysterious and wholly unaccountable reason, he has been almost unmolested up to this time. The California newspapers, usually so restive under the comment of outside critics, have endured Kearny without murmur or remonstrance. But there appears to be a limit even to California forbearance, and this pestilent demagogue will be kept under lock and key for six months.

WHEN a widow in any neighborhood sets her cap for a young man, there is not one chance in a million for any young woman to win, even if she hold the four aces.

THE silence on the part of the Democratic papers leads to the belief that they have not heard of Garcelon's "confession" yet.

How to Advertise.

There are thousands of dollars spent every week in this State, and every year in this town, and yet there is not one advertiser in a dozen who gives that attention that they should, or that its importance demands. Many merchants and others see their neighbors advertising and think they must try it. So far they are right; they get up a form of advertisement, run to the printer with it, have it inserted to occupy a certain space, and think they have then done all that is necessary. They spend a hundred dollars in advertising and have not spent an hour in the consideration and preparation of their scheme; then if they do not see immediate good results, they at once conclude that advertising does not pay. There is one merchant in this town, who, when we first come here, spent one hundred dollars a year with each of the town papers, but for the last four years he has scarcely spent anything for that purpose. We are not certain why he has changed his policy of doing business in this particular, but we can make a Yankee guess at the reason. Why, he would put an advertisement into the papers in the spring and start out in this way, "New spring goods," and that advertisement, with that same heading, would stay the year through. New spring goods in the spring, new spring goods in the summer, and new spring goods in winter. Is it to be wondered at, that a man who gave so little attention to this branch of his business, failed to reap that profit from it that he should? One would think that such a man had but one idea, and that was that an advertisement was an advertisement, that there was no choice of methods. Is there any scheme for making money in which there is not a choice of methods, a right and a wrong way? If there is not, why should there be any exception in this one instance? Of course there is not.

A history of the foolish and unproductive advertisements that men have wasted money upon, the pointless and costly "N. B.'s" thrust out at the world of which the world has steadily refused to take any notice, would be an addition to one of the lower orders of bibliography at once entertaining and instructive. The money of which men of shrewd perceptions in other matters have thrown away in circulars to be trodden under foot, or in sign-boards and fences to be looked at once and then forgotten, would go far to pay the National debt. Nothing is so useful and so truly economical as a well-devised advertisement; nothing is so utterly useless and wasteful as an advertisement that is not well-devised. Wise business men know that there is no time when judicious advertising is so certain to be productive as that when prosperity is reviving, and the market is taking an upward turn. And judicious advertising, in the opinion of the shrewdest of them, consists in the use of good newspapers that reach the people with whom they desire to deal. Even those who have in part learned this lesson, however, are liable to go estray in newspaper advertising, as we have in part illustrated above. No merchant has learned his business who does not advertise, and if he is negligent or too lazy to give it proper attention, he will lose by it the same as though he neglected any other important branch of his business. We think no shrewd business men will take issue with us in this statement. We will now give the opinions of some successful men who have tried advertising in all its various forms. Messrs. Ivison, Blakeman, Taylor & Co., whose school books are in many of the schools of this county, say: "We have tried almost every sort of medium in advertising, and long ago became convinced that the results were *largely in favor* of the fresh and varied columns of the *newspaper*."

John Duncan & Sons, say: "An experience of many years has demonstrated to us the great value and benefits derived from *carefully prepared and properly displayed* advertisements in well established newspapers."

Messrs. Gilman, Callamore & Co., dealers in china and glass ware, give this as their opinion: "Money may be thrown away in advertisements as easily as in any other way. Success depends upon the selection of *proper mediums and persistency*. The best medium in our judgement is a good newspaper."

Messrs. Chrich & Co., dry goods dealers, say: "Have what the public want, sell at a moderate profit, advertise largely in good newspapers, and you are bound to do a trade."

The Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine Co. state: "In no department of business is there probably so much money wasted as in advertising, and in no department are good judgment and experience more requisite. Twenty-five years experience has clearly demonstrated to us the superior advantages and economy of newspaper advertising over all other mediums offered for that purpose."

Isaac Smiths' Sons & Co. say: "If what you have to say is strictly true, say it in a good newspaper. Its readers are intelligent, and will appreciate a bargain, and of every such customer you make an *advertiser*. For forty-seven years, nine-tenths of our advertising has been done on this plan, and of the whole expenditure, all that we regret is contained in the *other tenth*."

J. H. Johnston, watchmaker and jeweler, states his experience as follows: "During the last twenty-five years, I have spent thousands of dollars in all the old and new fangled methods which are daily set before a persistent advertiser, and have long been satisfied that if a man *tells the truth* in the newspapers, he is sure to get ample returns for his money. A small advertisement in a newspaper has often resulted in returning to me *one hundred times* the cost." And so we might go on multiplying evidence of successful business men who have made fortunes by advertising and made it no other way. But they have given it their attention as faithfully as they attended to any other branch of their business. They did not make it pay by neglect and growling at the newspapers.

A WEEK ago last Tuesday night a colored miner, at Rapids City, was the first victim of Molly Maguire threats against the negro miners imported to take the place of the strikers. He was shot through the heart by some one concealed in a coal shed within a few feet of him. James Berry and S. Baker were arrested, and on examination remanded to jail to await the result of the Coroner's inquest. William Miller, an old miner who declared his intention of going to work, was warned by a circular that if he did he would be a dead man within three days more. Trouble is feared.

JOHN KELLY plainly says that under no consideration will he, or the branch of the Democratic party to which he belongs, support Mr. Tilden, which means that Tammany will make it warm for that gentleman at the Cincinnati Convention. It also means, in case Tilden should be nominated, an opposition ticket.

MR. CHARLES E. SMITH, the new editor of the Philadelphia *Press*, so it is reported, is threatened with serious illness from overwork, and has been obliged to take a short vacation. During his absence the editorial work will be done by Mr. Edward McPherson, at the request of Mr. Wells, the proprietor.

SOME of the Democratic journals announce that Seymour may now be considered out of the Presidential race. We would like to know the time when he was in it. He has never had the slightest show from the start.

Poetry.

THE PATTER OF THE SHINGLE.

When the angry passion gathering in my mother's face I see,
And she leads me in the bedroom, gently lays me on her knee,
Then I know that I will catch it, and my flesh in fancy itches,
As I listen for the patter of the shingle on my breeches.

Every tinkle of the shingle has an echo and a sting,
And a thousand burning fancies into active being spring;
And a thousand bees nd hornets 'neath my coat-tail seem to swarm,
As I listen to the patter of the shingle, oh, so warm.

In a splutter comes my father—whom I supposed had gone—
To survey the situation and tell her to lay it on;
To see her bending o er me, as I listen to the strain,
Playing by her and by the shingle in a wild and weird refrain.

In a sudden intermission, which appears my only chance,
I say, "Strike gently, mother, or you'll split my Sunday pants;"
She stops a moment, holds her breath, the shingle holds aloft,
And says, "I had not thought of that—my son, just take them off."

Holy Moses! and the angels, cast your pitying glances down,
And thou, oh family doctor, put a good soft poultice on,
And may I with fools and dunces everlasting commingle,
If ever I say another word when my mother wields the shingle.

Our Story Teller.

Elmina of Pernambuca.

"Jump along aft here, and lower away this whale-boat! For your lives, men, be handy!"

Thus shouted the first officer of the American barque, Marion, to the crew, who were seated on the deck forward, leisurely taking their breakfast, one Sunday morning towards the latter part of January, 1849.

The barque was lying to an anchor about a mile outside the reef which forms the harbor of Pernambuco, and her chief mate, Mr. Ashton, had just finished his breakfast, and was sitting on the rudder-head with a spy-glass in his hand, which he frequently raised to his eye and swept the focus along the shore, suffering it for a moment to rest on the various objects which seemed of sufficient importance to claim his attention, until his quick eye caught a glimpse of a small, white sail, which shot out from the shore a short distance from the castle of Receiffe.

The distance from the barque to the strange boat was not so great but that Morris Ashton, with his glass, could discover that there were two persons in her stern sheets, and one of the two was a lady, who, as he continued to watch the boat for a few moments he saw spring from the side of her companion, and make a quick motion as if she would have flung herself overboard; but the hand of him who steered the boat arrested her intentions, and flung her rudely back on to the seat beside him.

Ashton was satisfied that the female, whoever she might be, was a forced passenger in the boat, and he determined to run down with one of the barque's boats and rescue the lady, or demand an explanation of the mystery; and hence his sharp, quick order to lower away and man the whale-boat.

The crew of the barque, who were all young and active Americans, and who really loved their officer, waited for no second bidding, but sprang aft with one accord, and in less than two minutes the boat was in the water and hauled up to the gangway.

"Step the boat's mast there," said the mate, as he came out of the cabin with a couple of revolvers stuck inside the waistbands of his duck trousers, "and put a couple of buckets of fresh water and one of your tin pots into the boat, and tumble into her, five of you. Look out for her until I come back," he continued, addressing the second mate, and in another moment he was in the stern sheets of the whale boat.

As soon as a few strokes of the oar had sent the light boat out from under the lee of the barque so that she began to feel the breeze, the mate again addressed his crew as follows:

"Now, my men, lay in your oars and put the sail on to her. It's no use to pull with a fair wind, and you'll need your strength at them wooden topsails when we come to pull back against this strong breeze."

In obedience to Mr. Ashton's orders the oars were laid in, and the huge lug sail was hoisted, under the influence of which the little craft was driven along before the wind with the speed of the startled antelope.

The breeze was blowing in upon the land at about E. N. E., and the boat inshore was standing along to the southward and westward, with the wind on her larboard quarter; and the mate soon discovered that she was a chipper little boat, and the boat that could overhaul her in that breeze must have a clean pair of heels. After he had been running off before the breeze for about ten minutes, he saw very plainly that unless his boat could be urged through the water at a quicker pace the chase was likely to be a long one, and it was even doubtful if he should be able to overtake the stranger at all. Having become fully satisfied upon this point he again addressed his men in this wise:

"Now, boys, you see that boat down there ahead of us, don't you? Well, some infernal scamp has got a woman in that boat, and is running off with her against her will. His boat can sail fully as fast as ours, and at this rate he'll lead us clean to Bahia, if he is bound so far. What say, my hearties, shall we out oars and overhaul that picayune pirate?"

His answer was a simultaneous grab for the oars by the five sailors, and at another moment the boat under the influence of the tough ash blades, was forced through the water like a dolphin. Ashton urged on his men to pull their best with quick exclamations of encouragement like these:

"Stretch out, my souls! There she flies! Pull, pull strong and break something. Pull for the honor of the old Bay State. Hurrah! there she goes through it, two feet to his one. Fifteen minutes more, my hearties, and we'll be along side of him."

The whale-boat, under her increased speed, now rapidly neared the stranger. The two boats were soon so near each other that Ashton could see very plainly that the young lady in the stern sheets of the chase was young and beautiful as an angel, and that her companion, a dark, fierce looking man — was dressed in the rich, showy uniform of a colonel in the Imperial army of Brazil. But Morris Ashton had very little respect for tinsel or gold lace, and he dashed up alongside the Brazilian boat and sprang into her without so much as saying, "by your leave, sir."

In an instant, before a word had been spoken, the Brazilian officer sprung from his seat, and quick as thought, drew a pistol from his bosom and was about to fire it at his unceremonious visitor, when his arm was arrested by the captive girl, and before he could free himself from her grasp, the American sprang upon him, and catching him up as if he had been a child's plaything he pitched him more than ten feet clear from the boat's side, overboard.

It was lucky that the colonel could swim, otherwise there would have been a sad waste of bullion and a vacancy in the second regiment of Dom Pedro's National Guards. As it was, the Brazilian's fiery ardor was pretty thoroughly cooled by his sudden salt-water bath.

Leaving his boat's crew to pick up the discomfitted officer, Ashton addressed himself to the young lady, assuring her of his protection, and begged of her to explain the mystery of her being a captive there in the boat.

The beautiful Brazilian girl informed him that her father, Signor Juan Marquez, was one of the first merchants in Pernambuco, and that the officer was the celebrated Colonel Antonio Martinus, of the Imperial Lancers. She further informed him that on the breaking out of the difficulties in the province about a year previous, Colonel Martinus had been sent down from Rio Janerio with his regiment to strengthen the garrison at Receiffe. About three weeks after Martinus arrived in Pernambuco, he had met her at a public ball, and paid her the most marked attention; and for several months he continued to impose his unwelcome presence upon her at every opportunity, until, about three weeks previously, he had declared his love for her, and sought her hand in marriage.

Knowing, as she did, his brutal character and naturally cruel disposition, she rejected his suit with the most undisguised contempt.

The colonel left her, and she had not again seen him until that morning, when, as she was returning from a visit to a poor sick woman, who lived a short distance from the city, she was seized by him as she was about to cross a narrow inlet, and forced into the boat.

What Colonel Martinus's ultimate intentions with regard to her were, she had no means of knowing. But whatever they might have been, she assured Ashton that she preferred death to the fate which must have been hers, had not his daring arm rescued her, and the blushing girl concluded by saying that her father would love him as a son, and he had most certainly laid her under obligations that she could never repay.

Ashton ordered his boat to pull alongside, and after placing the young lady within it, he ordered the crestfallen officer to resume his place in his own boat, and then wishing him a pleasant passage, he stood back for the city.

In about an hour he reached Receiffe, and bidding his crew wait for him, he accompanied Senora Elmina Marquez to her father's house, in one of the principal streets; and when the lady related her adventure to the family, and introduced Ashton as her preserver, their gratitude knew no bounds, and he was obliged to undergo the ordeal of a regular embrace from all, young and old, except Senora Elmina, who stood blushing in one corner like a young rose, already more than half in love with the handsome sailor.

In about an hour Ashton took leave of the family and returned on board the barque, where he remained without again visiting the shore until the 2d of January, when word was brought him that his captain had been accidentally wounded in the murderous fight which took place that day in the city between the Imperial troops and a strong force of insurgents, which for several weeks had been encamped in the neighborhood.

Ashton immediately pulled ashore and started off for the hotel where the captain lived. Everything was in confusion in the city. The Imperial troops had just routed the rebels, and detached bodies of soldiery were passing through the streets in every direction.

Before he had traversed half the distance between the landing and the hotel, he was arrested by a company of soldiers and taken before Colonel Martinus on a charge of having been concerned in the insurrection which had just been put down.

Explanation or denial was wholly useless. The brutal colonel had him in his power, and he was determined to wreak his vengeance on him for the part he had acted in rescuing the Lady Elmina from his clutches. In less than an hour after he landed he was thrown into prison, along with some fifty others who had been arrested that day as rebels.

The following day he managed to send word to the consignees of the barque, who, together with the American consul, used every exertion to obtain his liberation, but all to no purpose. Ashton remained in close confinement until the revolutionists made the second attack upon the city, which was on the 15th of February. On that day, at an early hour in the morning, a large body of insurgents entered the city, led by an experienced officer who had served in the southern revolution; and for several hours the fight was obstinate and bloody.

About noon, a body of about one hundred horsemen, all armed to the teeth and all wearing black masks, came sweeping down the street on which the prison was situated, at a furious pace. When they had almost reached the prison a most magnificent horse, whose hide was as black and glossy as a raven's wing, sprang forth from a little narrow street nearly opposite the prison. Upon the noble animal was seated a woman — a most glorious, lovely creature, of almost superhuman beauty. It was the Senora Elmina Marquez.

Following close in the rear of Lady Elmina came two beautiful girls, almost as lovely as herself, each mounted on a powerful milk-white steed.

The moment that the fair equestrians made their appearance every mask bowed to the very saddlebow, and the whole cavalcade drew up near the prison, as if awaiting some order from the fair being who seemed to be their leader. The girl blew a clear, ringing blast upon a small silver bugle; and ere the notes died away upon the ear, twenty stout fellows rushed out from the little street dragging after them a heavy cannon which they wheeled up in front of the prison, and pointed its muzzle towards the prison door. A moment more and the gun, charged nearly to its muzzle, was fired, and the tremendous charge tore the massive door from its strong hinges, crushing it into a thousand pieces.

Following the discharge of the gun, the twenty daring fellows rushed into the prison, well provided with instruments to force the inner doors, and in less than 15 minutes the whole of the prisoners were set at liberty. The party on horseback drew up immediately in front of the prison door, as if their object was not yet fully accomplished.

Presently two of the storming party issued from the prison with the American mate, and at the same moment a black slave rode up and dismounted from a splendid horse. Before the astonished sailor recovered from his surprise, he was flung into the saddle by his two companions, and the beautiful girl, spurring her spirited horse to his side, whispered a few low-spoken words in his ear, and then she dashed off up the street, accompanied by Ashton and the two beautiful girls, and, followed by the hundred horsemen, who came thundering on, shouting, "To the church."

In five minutes they reached the church of San Jose. Ten of the masked horsemen dismounted and and accompanied the three ladies and Ashton into the church, the others remaining outside as a guard

The priest was in waiting at the altar, and in a few minutes the ceremony which made the beautiful Elmina Marquez the wife of Morris Ashton was performed, and the party immediately left the church, and remounting their horses the cavalcade started off at a rapid pace toward the boat landing.

When they had nearly reached the landing they were met by a large body of Imperialists, under the command of Colonel Antonio Martinus himself. When the colonel recognized Ashton and the Lady Elmina, he instantly comprehended it all, and with a fearful oath of vengeance, he drew his sword and shouting to the charge he rushed like a madman upon Ashton, who was entirely unarmed.

On the instant a powerful mask, mounted upon a magnificent charger, dashed in between the furious colonel and his intended victim. In a moment the swords of the two combatants were crossed in deadly conflict.

The encountre, however, was soon terminated, for the unknown mask—who wielded a huge cross-handled Toledo, which might have graced the hand of Wallace or Richard, the lion-hearted—soon beat down the colonel's guard, and a sweeping back-handed blow from his trenchant blade, clove him to the chine. The Imperialists were soon put to flight, and the party proceeded to the landing without further molestation.

The captian of the Marion, who had partially recovered from his wounds, was waiting at the mole with his whale-boat, all ready to shove off at a moment's warning.

As the party reached the waterside and dismounted, the unknown champion approached Ashton, and taking him by the hand, he thus addressed him:

"My son, I have given you my daughter as a fitting recompense which I could make you, for your generous action in rescuing her from the power of a villain. Take her, and deal kindly with her, for she is a precious jewel. You will find an ample store of gold on board the barque—and now adieu."

The old man clasped his daughter to his heart and then hurried them into the boat, and in less than an hour they were under way, homeward bound.

The Past

RISES BEFORE ME LIKE A DREAM.

From Bob Ingersoll's Indianapolis Speech.

The past rises before me like a dream. Again we are in the great struggle for a national life. We hear the sounds of preparation—the music of the boisterous drums—the silver voices of heroic bugles. We see thousands of assemblages, and hear the appeals of orators; we see the pale cheeks of women, and the flushed faces of men, and in those assemblages we see all the dead whose dust have covered with flowers. We lose sight of them no more. We are with them when they enlist in the great army of freedom. We see them part with those they love. Some are walking for the last time in quiet, woody places with the maidens they adore. We hear the whisperings and the sweet vows of eternal love as they lingerly part forever. Others are bending over cradles, kissing babes that are asleep. Some are receiving the blessings of old men. Some are parting with mothers who hold them and press them to their hearts again and again, and say nothing, and some are talking with wives, and endeavoring with brave words spoken in the old tones to drive from their hearts the awful fear. We see them part. We see the wife standing in the door with the babe in her arms—standing in the sunlight sobbing; at the turn of the road a hand waves; she answers by holding high in her loving hand the child; he is gone, and forever.

We see them as they marched proudly away under the flaunting flag, keeping time to the wild, grand music of war, marching down the streets of the great city, through the towns, and across the prairies, down to the fields of glory, to do and to die for the eternal right. We go with them, one and all. We are by their side on all the gory fields in all the hospitals of pain, on all the weary marches. We stand guard with them in the wild storm and under the quiet stars. We are with them in ravines running with blood—in the furrows of fields. We are with them between contending hosts, unable to move, wild with thirst, the life ebbing slowly away among the whithered leaves. We see them pierced by ball and torn with shell in the trenches by forts, and in the whirlwind of the charge, where men become iron with nerves of steel. We are with them in the prisons of hatred and famine; but human speech can never tell what they endure. We are at home when the news comes that they are dead. We see the maiden in the shadow of her first sorrow. We see the silvered head of the old man bowed with the last grief. The past rises before us, and we see 4,000,000 of human beings governed by the lash. We see them bound hand and foot; we hear the strokes of cruel whips; we see the hounds tracking women through tangled swamps; we see babes sold from the breasts of mothers. Cruelty unspeakable! outrage infinite.

Four million bodies in chains! Four million souls in fetters! All the sacred relations of wife, mother, father and child trampled beneath the brutal feet of might. All this was done under our own beautiful banner of the free. The past rises before us. We hear the roar and shriek of the bursting shell. The broken fetters fall. These heroes died. We look. Instead of slaves we see men, women and children. The wand of progress touches the auction block, the slave pen, the whipping post and we see homes and firesides, and schoolhouses and books; and where all was want and crime and cruelty and fear we see the faces of the free. These heroes are dead. They died for liberty—they died for us. They are at rest. They sleep in the land they made free, under the flag they rendered stainless, under the solem pines, the sad hemlocks, the tearful willow, and the embracing vines. They sleep beneath the shadows of the clouds, careless alike of sunshine or of storm, each in the windowless palace of rest. Earth may run red with other wars—they are at peace. In the midst of battle, in the roar of conflict they found the serenity of death. [A voice—"Glory!"] I have one sentiment for the soldiers living and dead—cheers for the living and tears for the dead.

Hints to Lady Travelers.

When I was a school-girl, about to take my first trip alone from home, an older brother gave me some practical advice, so good that I have always heeded it since:

Always have enough change on hand to pay a porter or 'bus driver, without giving him a bill or a large coin to change; for if he has any undesirable piece of money he will certainly put it on you. Besides, it saves time and trouble to have the right amount all ready.

Do not carry all your surplus funds in your pocket-book, so that every one can see it every time you show your railroad ticket. You may lose it.

Look after your own baggage when it needs to be re-checked, then, you will know it is all right.

If you wish to know anything about your route, ask the conductor or some other official. The chances are that your fellow travelers do not know anything more about the matter than you do yourself.

Carry no jewelry in sight. It is unsafe, as well as in bad taste.

Make no acquaintances. A model traveler is civil to all, but beyond that keeps his or her counsel.

Murder of a Ponca Chief.

HOW BIG SNAKE WAS WANTONLY MURDERED BY THE SOLDIERS.

Senator Dawes introduced a resolution, Thursday, which was passed, calling upon the Secretary of the Interior for any papers which might be on file in the Department of the Interior relating to the killing of the Ponca Chief, Big Snake, and for information as to what has been done about it by the Government.

Senator Dawes is a member of the Ponca Investigation Committee, and the immediate cause for the introduction of his resolution was the testimony of Jo Esau, a half-breed Ponca, given before the committee in the morning. If that testimony is true, that murder is the most outrageous and terrible which has been brought to light in connection with the Poncas:

Big Snake was a Ponca chief, held in high esteem by all his tribe, and is represented by members of his tribe to have been a peaceable, good-natured man. Some time after his tribe had been removed to the Indian Territory, Big Snake, in company with several other Poncas, left the reservation, without passes, to pay a visit to the Cheyennes. Orders were telegraphed to have the whole band arrested, and this was done. All except Big Snake and one or two others were sent immediately back to their reservation. Big Snake was kept in jail for about four months, and when he was released he was found to be in a bad humor, and, it is said, the agent who had caused his arrest heard that Big Snake had made some threats against him. Thereupon the agent is reported to have telegraphed for authority to have Big Snake arrested and confined for the remainder of his natural life.

Jo Esau, who is in appearance an honest, ignorant fellow, a Government interpreter, tells the remainder of the story as follows, he being an eye-witness to the event:

On the morning I saw the officer at the agency the agent was paying the Indians for hauling goods. Big Snake had a wagon and had sent three persons several times to haul goods with his wagon. Big Snake got his pay for one trip, but the agent refused to pay for the other trips unless Big Snake would come for his money.

After a while Big Snake came. I was at the office at the time. It was a small room. The clerk and agent sat on either side of Big Snake. He said he had come for his money, and the clerk paid him, I think, $20. Big Snake put it in his tobacco pouch, and took out some tobacco, and was filling his pipe, when the officer came in and told me to tell Big Snake he had come for him. Big Snake didn't even lift up his head, and the officer told me to ask Big Snake if he would go with him. Big Snake said he would like to know what he had done, for he had been put in jail once for nothing, and had just come back from the fort. The officer said he did not know what it was for. Big Snake then said he had committed no crime, yet he had been put in jail for nothing. The officer said it was useless for him to resist, and he must go.

They got his blankets, and after some more talk the officer asked the agent if he should tell Big Snake what it was for. The agent said he should tell, and the officer told Big Snake he had threatened the agent and another person. Big Snake looked at the agent and said this was not true. He said he didn't hate anybody. The agent said, "you don't like me, and you don't come near me." Big Snake said the agent had him arrested once for nothing and put him in jail, and he didn't like to see him.

The officer called in the soldiers, and they tried to seize Big Snake, but he threw them all off. He threw up his hands and opened his blanket to show that he was unarmed. He said he did not want to go to jail, and he would rather die right there.

Then the officer called for handcuffs, but he threw them all off. Then soldiers came in, and they were too many for Big Snake to handle. One of the soldiers struck him in the face with the butt of his rifle and then struck him on the forehead with the barrel, knocking some of the skin off. Then a soldier put the muzzle of his rifle to Big Snake's head and shot him through the head.

There was then considerable confusion. I did not see the one that shot him. Big Snake's back was against the wall, and as the bullet went through him it went through the wall and passed close to another Ponca outside. After he was dead I examined his body, and there was no knife about him.

The *Post*, having thoroughly exposed the wickedness of Senator Wallace and vainly sought to circumvent his influence in opposition to Tilden, now sounds the alarm that Senator Don Cameron has undertaken, in connection with Wallace, to manage the Democratic primary elections in this city! This is really startling. There is no telling what Cameron and Wallace may do after this. Is there not danger that Don may yet declare "the Empire," with Sir William as Prime Minister? There's treason in the air.—*Commercial.*

An exchange says, "Mr. Baker has shown us an egg which is seven inches in circumference. Can anybody beat this?" Certainly. Break the egg into a bowl, and beat it with a spoon.

There are nineteen bachelor farmers in Walnut township, Pike county, Iowa, who are farming and doing their own cooking.

Fighting With Wolves.

A special dispatch from Olean, New York, says: During the present winter farmers living in sparsely setded portions of Bradford county, Pa., have suffered much loss by the invasions of wolves. The encroachments of civilization have rendered them exceedingly shy, yet upon occasions, when rendered desperate by hunger or seeing no chance for escape, they fight furiously. The animals have played such havoc among cattle for the past few months that the inhabitants rose up in arms and determined upon a policy of extermination, but thus far the attempts have met with poor success, as the animals baffled pursuit. Valentine White, one of the oldest settlers in Bradford county resides a few miles south of Clermont. He has cleared a good-sized farm, and is to some extent isolated from his neighbors. Around Mr. White's farm is a dense forest, almost untouched by the pioneers. Bear, deer and wolf are abundant, notwithstanding which they are seldom disturbed by hunters. In the rear of Mr. White's house is a huge frame barn, with great cracks, caused by decaying boards. A few mornings ago White went out to the barn to feed his stock. As he reached the barn he heard an unusual commotion inside. Thinking some of the animals had broken loose, he did not open the front door lest they should escape, but squeezed himself through a large aperture left by a broken board. As soon as he entered the uproar increased, and he saw in the middle of the barn floor a heifer which had torn herself from the stanchion by main force and broken one horn in the act. Clinging to her muzzle was a large gray wolf, with its long, sharp teeth fastened in the animal's nose with a bulldog grip, while another was trying to hamstring the poor creature.

The bellowing of the heifer, the snarling of the wolves, and the rattling of the loose barn floor made a deafening racket, and the human intruder was unnoticed. The cow shook the wolf like a limp rag, and pounded the sides of the stable with it, but in vain. Old White's anger at the attack on his stock overmastered all feelings of prudence, and, seizing a pitchfork, he prepared himself for an attack. No sooner did the wolves perceive him, than, maddened by the taste of blood, they turned from the heifer and attacked him. As one of the infuriated animals sprang towards the old man he dealt it a mighty blow with the fork, sending it into a corner. But the other animal caught its teeth in the old man's right coat sleeve; and in such close quarters that the weapon was of no avail. After kicking uselessly at the animal, he grasped at its throat with his left hand and choked the wolf until it let go. Then seizing again the pitchfork, he dealt a well directed blow, and broke the leg of one of the animals, which then dodged through the hole behind him, and limpeed off, howling dismally. The other wolf held its ground, and whenever opportunity offered sprang at the old man, now and then fastening its teeth into his arms. Though bleeding profusely, White continued the fight, and finally with a well directed thrust of the pitchfork, sent the tines through the animal's heart, killing it almost instantly. The dead wolf was of large size, guant with hunger, and with a shaggy coat of light gray. White's clothes were torn into shreds, and his face, neck and breast were scarred deeply by the claws of the animal.

A Pretty Picture of Devotion.

While I was lecturing in Washington I saw a lady with a pretty, intelligent face, and bright, eloquent eyes that were rarely lifted toward the speaker, and then only for a flash of time. They were bent upon her husband's hands almost constantly. Brilliant and accomplished a few years ago, she had gone down into the world of voiceless silence, and now all the music and all the speech that comes into her life comes through the tender devotion of her husband; and as I talked I watched him telling of the lecture on his nimble fingers, while her eager eyes glanced from them to his sympathetic face. It was a pretty picture of devotion. They were so young to have this cloud shadow the morning skies of their lives; but as I glanced from the voiceless wife to her husband I thought how beautifully the sunlight of his devotion was breaking through those clouds and tinting even their afflictions with a tender radiance. This discipline of attending upon suffering is a good thing for a man. It rounds out his life; it develops his manlier, noble qualities; it makes his heart brave and tender and strong as a woman's.—*Bob Burdette.*

Mr. De Hass, ex-Consul at Jerusalem, has set at rest a multitude of recent contradictory statements about the Holy Land in the following series of pointed denials: "There is not a railroad in all Palestine. There is not an American missionary in the Holy Land, nor a Sunday-school; but one Protestant church in Jerusalem, another outside the walls, and one at Nazareth. The Jewish population has increased during the last few years, but the population of the country has more rapidly decreased. The Jews have no intention of reoccupying the lane. They go there to die, not to live. No Jew around Jerusalem owns or cultivates an acre of ground. The Jews of Europe and America will never return to Palestine unless they are forced back at the point of the bayonet."

Josh Billings cannot see what women wants with any more "rights" for; she beat the first man born into the world out of a dead sure thing, and she can beat the last one with the same cards.

Book Store.

THE MODEL BOOK STORE,

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A

JOHN C. MILLER & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Books,
Fancy Goods,
Photograph Albums,
Stationery
Pocketbooks,
Gold Pens,
Wall Paper,
Umbrellas,
Window Shadows and Fixtures,
Toilet Sets
Fancy Chinaware
Japanese Goods,
Toys, Toys,
Cigars, Etc., Etc.

SCHOOL BOOKS FOR EVERY T WNSHIP IN THE COUNTY

DAILY PAPERS & PERIODICALS

11-6

Professional Cards.

J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. ja7'7t-tf

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law,
office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-tf

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law,
office on High Street, second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

W. A. MORRISON, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD.
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law,
v6 1-1y Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office over Reynolds & Co.'s Bank. v6n1-1y

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS.
ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1—9-82

BUSH, YOCUM & HASTINGS, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-east corner of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank. 7 1-1y

STITZER & MAGEE, Attorneys-at-Law
Office next to Garman's hotel, in Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

JOHN BLAIR LINN, Attorney-at-Law,
Office on Allegheny street, Bellefotne, Pa. 11-8-tf

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5 17-1y

J. H. VOSBURG, Attorney-At-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in room formerly occupied by D. S. Keller, Esq., High street. 12-12-1y

Banks and Bankers.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't..... J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

DR. E. I. KIRK.

DR. J. W. RHONE, Dentist, can be found at his office and residence on North side of High Street, three doors East of Allegheny, Bellefonte, Pa. 10-16 1y

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the Myers property, on Bishop street, opposite Graham's Shoe Store. 8-23

DR. J. D. GEISSINGER,
DENTIST.
A graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia, has permanently located in Bellefonte, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth.
Office: Second floor, Furst's building, North side of Court House. 10-31-tf

Tinware.

What's in a Name?

E. A. SMITH,
TINSMITH.

-ALL MY TINWARE WARRANTED.-

BUY NONE BUT THE GENUINE

SMITH TINWARE.

ALL MY WARE IS STAMPED WITH MY NAME, TO PREVENT DECEPTION.

ROOFING AND SPOUTING

MADE A SPECIALTY BY ME.

My Work Is All Warranted!

LIGHTNING RODS

Erected and Repaired.

Dealer in Stoves, Ranges, Heaters and Furnaces. Also set, clean and repair stoves, &c.

COME AND SEE.

Under Wilson, McFarlane & Co.'s Hardware Depot, First National Bank Block. 13-15-1y

Medical.

BENSONS CAPCINE | CAPCINE | POROUS PLASTER

BACK ACHE IS AT ONCE CURED BY

BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTERS.

IT IS THE ONLY KNOWN REMEDY THAT NEVER FAILS.

Over 2000 Druggists have signed a paper stating that Physicians say they are in every way superior to the ordinary slow-acting Porous Plasters used for this purpose.

9-4w SEABURY & JOHNSON, Pharmaceutical Chemists, New York.
PRICE 25 CTS.

Wilson & McFarlane--Hardware.

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO

Wilson, McFarlane & Co.,

Hardware Merchants.

Dry Goods & Groceries.

THE PEOPLE'S

Cash Store,

STATE COLLEGE, PA.,

where can always be found a full line of

FRESH GROCERIES,

CONSISTING OF

Syrups, Canned goods of all kinds
Sugars, Corned Beef,
Teas, Bologna Sausage,
Coffees, Cured Hams,
Prunes, Hominy,
Pearl Barley,
Alden's Aup'd Pears,
Dried Sugar Corn, Catsup,
Pared and Unpared Peaches,
Dried Apples, Jellies,
Cracked Wheat and Oat Meal,
Pickles, Chow Chow, &c.

Full line of Fresh Family Drugs, Patent Medicines, Perfumeries, Fancy Soaps, and toilet articles generally.

BEST BRANDS OF SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO.

Cigars Wholesale and Retail!

Oysters Received Fresh twice a week.

Highest prices paid for country produce.

A FULL LINE OF FINE

CONFECTIONERIES and NUTS.

Cream Chocolates, Caramels,
French Mixtures, Gum Drops,
and pastes of all kinds.

CHIGAGO CARAMELS A Specialty.

Paper-Shelled A'monds,
English Walnuts, Butter Nuts,
California Peanuts, Filberts,
Pecans, Raisins, Dates, Figs, &c., &c.

JOHN W. STUART,
STATE COLLEGE, PA

Watchmaker.

WATCHMAKER'S

REMOVAL.

F. C. RICHARD

takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the building opposite Bush's Arcade, next door to Deschner's gun store, on High street.

At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business, and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and jewelry repaired in short notice. 7-8-tf

Shaving Saloons.

M. S. GRAHAM,
FASHIONABLE BARBER

In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths.* 5 1 tf

WM. MILLS,
FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Feity's new building, High street Bellefonte, Pa. 5 29 1y

(View of a Heel Calk from a Steel-Center Self-Sharpening Shoe, after having been worn all winter.)

Patent Steel-Center Self-Sharpening

HORSE AND MULE SHOES

A sample set will be sent to any address (except in the States of Minnesota and Wisconsin) on receipt of $1. Prices by keg on application. The advantages of the Steel-Center Self-Sharpening Shoe is that the calk is always sharp. A thin plate of steel is rolled inside of the soft iron bar from which the Shoe is made. The soft iron in the calk partly wears away, leaving the sharp steel center, as shown in the cut. Address

SCHOENBERGER & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ Steel-Center Toe Calks also for sale

Railroads.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Nov. 9, 1879:

WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia		11 55 p m
" " Harrisburg		4 25 a m
" " Williamsport		8 35 a m
" " Jersey Shore		9 07 a m
" " Lock Haven		9 40 a m
" " Renovo		11 00 a m
" arr at Erie		7 45 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia		8 00 a m
" " Harrisburg		11 25 a m
" " Williamsport		2 25 p m
" " Lock Haven		3 59 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 05 p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia		11 50 a m
" " Harrisburg		3 35 p m
" " Williamsport		7 25 p m
" arr at Lock Haven		8 40 p m

EASTWARD.

PACIFIC EXP. leaves Lock Haven		7 00 a m
" " Jersey Shore		7 33 a m
" " Williamsport		8 15 a m
arr at Harrisburg		12 05 a m
" Philadelphia		3 40 p m
DAY EXP. leaves Lock Haven		11 20 a m
" " Williamsport		12 40 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		4 10 p m
" " Philadelphia		7 20 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves Renovo		8 40 p m
" " Lock Haven		9 50 p m
" " Williamsport		11 10 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		2 45 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 00 a m
FAST LINE leaves Williamsport		12 35 a m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 50 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 40 a m

Erie Mail West and Day Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R.R. trains for Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West and Fast Line West make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R.R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R.R.; at Corry with O. C. & A. V. R.R.; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R.R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R.R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Exp. West, Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN, *Gen'l Sup't.*

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table December 31, 1877.

WESTWARD.

	Exp. A. M.	Mail P. M.
Leave Lock Haven	5 25	3 25
Flemington	5 29	3 30
Mill Hall	5 33	3 33
Beech Creek	5 46	3 47
Eagleville	5 50	3 51
Howard	6 00	4 00
Mount Eagle	6 08	4 10
Curtin	6 13	4 16
Milesburg	6 23	4 25
Bellefonte	6 43	4 35
Milesburg	6 43	4 45
Snow Shoe Int.	6 48	4 48
Unionville	6 58	4 58
Julian	7 09	5 10
Martha	7 18	5 21
Port Matilda	7 26	5 31
Hannah	7 34	5 40
Fowler	7 40	5 46
Bald Eagle	7 48	5 53
Vail	7 53	5 58
East Tyrone	7 58	6 03
Arriv at Tyrone	8 05	6 10

EASTWARD.

	P.M.	A.M.
Leave Tyrone	7 08	8 30
East Tyrone	7 15	8 37
Vail	7 19	8 42
Bald Eagle	7 23	8 47
Fowler	8 54	7 30
Hannah	7 36	9 02
Port Matilda	7 44	9 11
Martha	7 52	9 20
Julian	8 01	9 30
Unionville	8 11	9 42
Snow Shoe Int.	8 21	9 51
Milesburg	8 24	9 55
Bellefonte	8 32	10 03
Milesburg	8 45	10 15
Curtin	8 55	10 25
Mount Eagle	9 00	10 30
Howard	9 08	10 40
Eagleville	9 18	10 52
Beech Creek	9 22	10 57
Mill Hall	9 34	11 10
Flemington	9 37	11 14
Arrive at Lock Haven	9 42	11 18

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after Dec. 31, 1878.

Leaves Snow Shoe 7.20 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 9.10 a. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 10.14 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.57 a. m.

Leaves Snow Shoe 2.20 p. m., arrives in Bellefonte 4.42 p. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 5.15 p. m., arrives Snow Shoe 6.47 p. m.

DANIEL RHOADS, *General Sup't.*

Clothing.

WM. S. TRIPPLE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Spring Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

FASHIONABLE SUITS

MADE TO ORDER AT

LOW CASH PRICES.

v5 12-1

Plumbing and Gas Fitting.

WM. S. GALBRAITH,

PLUMBER,

GAS AND STEAM FITTER.

We pay particular attention to heating buildings by steam. Copper smithing and re-bronzing old gas fixtures done neatly and expeditiously. All our work warranted to give perfect satisfaction. W. S. GALBRAITH,
7-tf. Bellefonte, Pa.

Miscellaneous.

RAILROAD HOUSE,

Corner Front and Pine Street,

Philipsburg, Centre County, Pa.

ROBERT LOYD, Proprietor.

The best of liquors and cigars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best he market affords 25 1y

New Advertisements.

WILLIAMS & BRO.,

PRACTICAL HOUSE PAINTERS.

GRAINING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,

PAPER-HANGING,

PLAIN AND DECORATIVE

KALSOMINING.

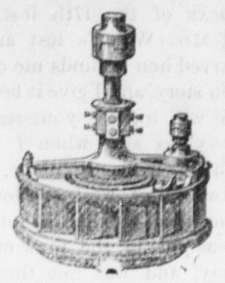
☞ Paint Shop and Office in Second Story of

McCLAIN'S BLOCK, op. BUSH HOUSE,

11-46-1y BELLEFONTE, PA.

Foundry and Machinists.

W. P. Duncan & Co.,



BELLEFONTE, PA.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS.

BELLEFONTE

PATENT WATER WHEEL,

STEAM ENGINES,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

ROLLING MILL

AND

Grist Mill Machinery.

5 46a812-tf

New Advertisements.

$1500 TO $6000 A YEAR, or $5 to $10 a day in your own locality. No risk. Women do as well as men. Many make more than the amount stated above. No one can fail to make money fast. Any one can do the work. You can make from 50 cents to $2 an hour by devoting your evenings and spare time to the business. Nothing like it for money making ever offered before. Business pleasant and strictly honorable. Reader, if you want to know all about the best paying business before the public, send us your address and we will send you full particulars and private terms free; samples worth $5 also free; you can then make up your mind for yourself. Address, GEO. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. 24-1y

PRICE WITHIN THE REACH OF all. The full and complete Lectures of

COL. R. G. INGERSOLL.

No. 1. "The Mistakes of Moses."
No. 2. "Skulls."
No. 3. "Ghosts."
No. 4. "Hell."
No. 5. "Liberty of Man, Woman and Child."
No. 12. "Col. R. G. Ingersoll's Vindication of Thos. Paine," lecture held at Chicago, January 29, 1880.

PRICE FIVE CENTS EACH.

COLONEL INGERSOLL AND HIS CHICAGO CRITICS. A Lecture by the Rev. James K. Applebee. Price 15 cents.

FULL REPORT OF THE GRAND RE-UNION of the Soldiers and Sailors of the Late War, held at Chicago, Nov. 12 to 15, 1879, including all speeches, and those of Col. R. G. Ingersoll, Col. Wm. F. Vilas, Samuel L. Clemens, (Mark Twain's Speech on Babies.) Price 25 cents.

LIFE AND TRIP AROUND THE WORLD of General Grant. Price 15 cents.

THE LAST SPEECH OF SENATOR ZACH. Chandler, and Biographical Sketch, with large portrait of Mr. Chandler on cover page. Price 5 cents.

☞ Any of the above sent postpaid on receipt of price. Address,

L. W. BLAISDELL,
2-7-2t 101 Randolph street, Chicago, Ills.

$10,000 Insurance FOR 25 CENTS.

On Life and Property

$10,000 will be paid to any person who can Explode a Lamp fitted with our Safety Attachment.

Mailed free for 25 cents. Four for $1.

Agents wanted. Male or Female.

S. S. NEWTON'S SAFETY LAMP CO., Binghamton, N.Y.
Salesroom, 13 West Broadway, New York City 6-7-4t

NOTICE.—I hereby give notice that my wife, Sarah, having left my bed and board, all persons are warned not to trust or harbor her on my account, as I will pay no bills of her contracting. 7-3t

WILLIAM HASSARD,
Julian, Centre Co., Pa.

DYEING.

Mrs. W. E. Shope takes this method to inform her patrons that she is now located on Harrison avenue, north of cemetery, Bellefonte, where she is prepared to do dyeing in the most complete and satisfactory manner. Old clothes made as bright as new.

CHARGES MODERATE.

Don't forget the place, Harrison avenue, Bellefonte. 10-46-tf

Miscellaneous.

Iron City College

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Exclusively devoted to the practical education of young and middle-aged men for active business life. School always in session. Students can enter at any time. Send for circular. 11-47-12t J. C. SMITH, A. M., Principal.

BEST business you can engage in. $5 to $20 per day made by any worker of either sex, right in their own localities. Particulars and samples worth $5 free. Improve your spare time at this business. Address STINSON & CO., Maine. 10 21 1y

Home For Sale!

—:o:—

The subscriber offers at private sale his

Desirable Residence,

situated in Spring township, about 400 yards from the borough line of Bellefonte. The property consists of

THREE LOTS,

fifty by two hundred feet each, upon which is erected an excellent two-storied

Frame Plank House,

twenty-five by thirty-two feet: size of parlor 12x23 ft; sitting-room 9x12; dining-room, 12x15; kitchen (attached), 16x16; hall, 6x15; four sleeping-rooms, one clothes-room, and hall on second floor; one sleeping-room in attic,—all in the best repair.

The house is situated on high ground, with two Terraces, an Arbor, Choice Shrubbery, Trees, and

A LARGE GARDEN,

with Choice Fruit Trees, Stable and Shop, and all necessary out-buildings; also, a Cottage-House for children, and a

Spring of Running Water

at back door.

For further particulars, apply to
11-35-6m H. D. LANDIS, Bellefonte, Penn'a

NOT

ONE AGENT

HAS FAILED TO MAKE

MONEY

Selling our Wonderful Invention to housekeepers, as no lady can afford to keep house without it. Eight hundred and sixty-seven agents have sold 124,000, averaging $6.75 profit on every dozen sold. Many agents are making as high as $23.00 per day selling it. Our invention is endorsed by the press and public as the most valuable patent ever offered house-keepers. We have men, women and boys who never canvassed before, making a complete success of the business.

By writing us at once you can have your choice of Territory, for which we will furnish a certificate of agency without charge. This will establish you in a pleasant and profitable business, and one that you need not be ashamed of.

Samples free to agents who will go right to work.

Address for circulars and terms to agents.
L. E. BROWN & CO.,
Fourth and Central Ave.
11-6t Cincinnati, Ohio.

PAINTERS.

DOAK & LONBERGER,

Painters, Paper Hangers and Kalsominers will attend promptly to all orders in their line of business addressed to them by mail or left at the REPUBLICAN office. 9 28-1y

On 30 Days Trial

We will send our ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELTS and other Electric Appliances on trial for 30 days to those suffering from Nervous Debility, Rheumatism, Paralysis or any diseases of the liver or kidneys, and many other diseases. A *sure cure* guaranteed *or no pay.* Address VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich. 9 44

PARLOR Pictures, Scrap Book Pictures, Chromo Business Cards, Motto Cards, Conversation Cards, "May I see you Home" Cards, Thirty Assorted Sample Cards sent for 10 cents.

PHILA. LITH. CARD CO.,
12-3 1y. No. 996 South Front St., Phila., Pa

LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER

Is the greatest Blood Remedy of the age. Tetter, Scrofula, Ulcers, Boils, Pimples, and all Blood diseases yield to its wonderful powers. Pure Blood is the guarantee of health. Read: "It cured my son of Scrofula."—*J. F. Brooks, Painesville, O.* "It cured my child of Erysipelas."—*Mrs. E. Smeltzer, Larues, Pa.* Price $1. R. E. SELLERS & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa. *Sold by Druggists and Country Store Keepers.*

PATENTS

OBTAINED for Inventors, in the United States, Canada, and Europe, at reduced rates. With our principal Office located in Washington, directly opposite the United States Patent Office, we are able to attend to all Patent Business with greater promptness and despatch and less cost, than other patent attorneys, who are at a distance from Washington, and who have, therefore, to employ "associate attorneys." We make preliminary examinations and furnish opinions as to patentability, free of charge, and all who are interested in new inventions and Patents are invited to send for a copy of our "Guide for obtaining Patents," which is sent free to any address, and contains complete instructions how to obtain Patents and other valuable matter. We refer to the German-American National Bank, Washington, D. C.; the Royal Swedish, Norwegian, and Danish Legations, at Washington; Hon. Joseph Casey late Chief Justice U. S. Court of Claims; to the Officials of the U. S. Patent Office, and to Senators and Members of Congress from every State. Address, LOUIS BAGGER & CO., Solicitor of Patents and Attorneys at Law, Le Droit Building, Washington, D. C. 17-4

SIX CORD

ENDORSED BY OVER THIRTY SEWING MACHINE EXHIBITORS AT THE EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE, Paris, 1878

AND INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, PHILADELPHIA, 1876, As Being "Very STRONG, SMOOTH, and EXCELLENT THREAD."

TRY IT S.E.T. ESTABLISHED 1836.

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY BY USING SIMPLEX SIX CORD SPOOL COTTON

MANUFACTURED AT MOUNT HOLLY, N.J.

STUART & BRO (LIMITED) AGENTS, NEW YORK.

MEDALS AWARDED | PARIS, PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK & BOSTON.

TRY IT

SOFT FINISH

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania, by

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin' this typ'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses, and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

Republican County Executive Committee for 1880.

District.	*Names.*	*P. O. Address*
Bellefonte, N.W.	David M. Glenn	Bellefonte
do S.W.	H. H. Benner	Bellefonte
do W.W.	Wm Shortlidge	Bellefonte
Howard boro	Joseph Royer	Howard
Milesburg boro	Lyman T Eddy	Milesburg
Millheim do	A O Deininger	Millheim
Philipsb'g do	Capt Harry Simler	Phil'burg
Unionville do	Dr E A Russell	Fleming
Benner twp	John P Seibert	Bellefonte
Boggs twp	Capt Austin Curtin	Roland
Burnside twp	Wm Stewart Jr	Moshannon
College twp	David Dale	Lemont
Curtin twp	Warren S Lucas	Howard
Ferguson O P	Cyrus Goss	Pine Grove Mills
Ferguson N P	Dan'l M Clemson	Rock Sprg's
Gregg twp	Robt H Duncan	Spring Mills
Huston twp	Ira F Davis	Julian Furnace
Howard twp	D B Pletcher	Howard
Harris twp	Geo B Jack	Boalsburg
Half Moon twp	Larry C Love	Loveville
Haines twp	Dr "T Musser	Aaronsburg
Liberty twp	D B Kunes	Blanchard
Miles twp	Reuben Grimm	Maddisonburg
Marion twp	Capt S H Bennison	Walker
Penn twp	David Kimport	Millheim
Patton twp	Wm I. Furst	Buffalo Run
Potter O P	Jas C Boal	Centre Hall
Potter N P	W J Thompson	Potters Mills
Rush twp	John A Mull	Philipsburg
Snow Shoe twp	C P Stoneroad	Snow Shoe
Spring twp	A J Swartz	Pleasant Gap
Taylor twp	D G Ganoe	Fowler
Union twp	B W Shipley,	Fleming
Walker twp	Philip Walter	Nittany
Worth twp	Thomas Weston	Port Matilda

JOHN I. RANKIN, Chairman.

H. H. BENNER, }
CLAUDE COOK, } Secretaries.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

—Full sets of undergarments at Lyon & Co.'s.

—New Lanquedoc laces just received at Lyon & Co.'s.

—Just opened, a big lot of hats at Lyon & Co.'s from 35c up.

—Just opened, a big line of millenery, flowers, silks, satin, broche edge ribbons, brocade silks, at Lyon & Co.'s.

—Sechler & Co. have a large supply of extra-fine seed potatoes for sale, embracing the well-known varieties of Extra Early Vermonts, Snow Flake and Blue Victor.

—We take pleasure in commending the old, well managed and successful Duff's Commercial College, which is one of the popular institutions of our city, and a "household word" in the community; its fame is widely spread and its graduates are everywhere. Besides the superior business training imparted, the principals and teachers endeavor, by example, to inculcate gentlemanly manners and exert a fine moral influence on students under their care.—*Pittsburgh Christian Advocate.*

—The members of Mr. Ira C. Eddy's Trinity M. E. Sunday School class gave him a pleasant surprise at his residence last week. Such social gatherings are of much benefit to teacher and class.—*Lock Haven Republican.* The Mr. Eddy alluded to is the gentleman who took such a prominent part in one of the late concerts given at Milesburg by the Musical Association of that place, and brother of our genial friend Mr. L. T. Eddy of Milesburg.

—The Detroit *Free Press* says: "The method of teaching reading by employing newspapers and magazines to some extent in place of books, has been adopted with good success in several places, more particularly in the east. A teacher in one of the Detroit schools interested her scholars in a high degree by reading to them the history of Peter the Great, as given in the February and March numbers of *Scribner's Magazine.*" The superintendent of public schools in Portland, Me., has recently subscribed for a number of copies of *St. Nicholas* for use as a reader in the schools of Portland.

Another Howard Hen Story.

Mr. Joseph Baker, of Harris, sends us the following "hen anecdote," which takes the "rag off the bush" so far as heard from: "In the REPUBLICAN of the 17th inst., the story of Mrs. Weber's lost and almost starved hen reminds me of another hen story, and I give it because I think it will interest your readers. About 60 years ago, when I was a boy, I lived with my uncle, John Smith, two miles west of Howard. When the wheat was hauled into the barn it was put in the mow on top of the hay, and was not thrashed until not less than two months after. Then there was found between the wheat and hay a hen upon her nest, closely mowed in, and wonderful to say, still alive, but unable to walk—a mere skeleton. At the time of this occurrence it was the common topic of conversation in that neighborhood."

—The patriarch of Buzzard's Roost a little town within the shadow of Mount Shasta, Cal., after seventy years of single bliss longed for a wife. He heard of the *Matrimonial News*, sent for a copy, and thus made the acquaintance (by letter) of a Boston widow. But he was cautious, and though evidently impressed in her favor, hesitated about taking the final step. While he hesitated leap year came, and the widow, taking advantage of that fact, packed her trunks, telegraphed to the patriarch that she was going out to marry him, and started. The old man accepted the situation; they were married immediately, and are happy. No doubt they are very happy, as marriages brought about in this manner usually are, but their happiness would be enhanced tenfold if their pantry was supplied with a cargo of fresh groceries from the famous store of Sechler & Co. There is nothing like Sechler's groceries for keeping people in a happy frame of mind, and in a healthy condition. The reason is because none but the finest and purest groceries are sold by this firm.

—I desire to call the attention of Centre county farmers to the fact that I am handling again this season Fitche's *Onondaga Plastor*, which gave such unusual satisfaction last year. My sales then were unexpectedly large, but from the present outlook, I expect them to be doubled the coming season. The manufacturers of this plaster claim that its quality is improving, and that it now contains 19½ per cent. more gypsum than any other plaster quarried in the United States, and will prove it by analysis, certificates, etc. On application I will send to any address, free of charge, an interesting little book on plaster, showing its discovery, introduction and use in the United States, and the comparative value of the different plasters as proven by the State Board of Agriculture.

LAWRENCE L. BROWN.

—The Undine Fire Co. agreed to allow the Town Council the use of their room in which to hold its regular meetings upon the consideration that that body supply the light, fuel and a janitor, and submitted a communication to the Council last week to that effect. The Council did not think very favorably of it, and as a communication had also been received from the Logan Hose Company tendering the use of their hall, with less objectionable demands, the invitation of the latter was accepted. The next meeting of the Council will be held in the Logan hose house on the first Monday in April.

—Mr. Samuel Kelley, whose parents, we learn, reside at Port Matilda, was drowned on Wednesday, the 10th inst., in Wing & Bailey's dam, on Anderson creek, Clearfield county. He had been employed on Merrill's log drive, and it is supposed he slipped from the logs, striking on his head, from which blow he became unconscious, and was left in a helpless condition.

—Sheriff Spangler, attorneys Adam Hoy, D. H. Hastings, and others from Bellefonte, spent Thursday in Philipsburg, examining the case of Frederick Dale. After a careful hearing the jury concluded that he was incompetent to have charge of his property and a committee was appointed to this trust.—*Philipsburg Journal.*

—A good shoe for $1.00 at Lyon & Co.'s; a good fine dress shoe for $1.25 at Lyon & Co.'s; a good batton shoe for $1.25 at Lyon & Co.'s; the finest and best quality of shoes at Lyon & Co.'s—warranted work.

—Our stock of woolens for the spring and summer season of 1880 ust received. Leave your orders now. Respectfully,

MONGTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

—Sust received, a big line of ladies' undergarments at Lyon & Co.'s.

Object Lessons in Politics.

A short time ago a dusty specimen of humanity walked into Sechler's store on High street in the Bush House block, and launched forth in this strain:

"Have you heard of the late change in the Republican platform?"

Sechler was out, but his efficient clerk, Harry Teats, was on duty, and he intimated that he hadn't been struck with a snow storm bearing such intelligence.

"Let me explain it to you, then," said the fellow, walking over towards a cracker barrel.

"Now," he began, "suppose this compound of hops, wheat and soda to represent the Republican party. Here comes Blaine (biting a big piece out of the cracker), and tears off a portion; but scarcely has he done it when Sherman patches it up with a long statistical statement so, (fixing a dried herring in the hole and eyeing it yearningly.) Now, let these small pickles represent the dissenters, and this large apple Grant: behold how the pickles disappear and how Grant reigns supreme on the top of the cracker—the platform embodying the principles of Republicanism!"

He smiled triumphantly and made a move towards the cheese box, but Harry, fearing he might want to make that important article of domestic consumption represent general rottenness in the treasury department, and by devouring it demonstrate the idea of ridding the country of an evil, took him by the collar and ran him out on the pavement, where the demolisher of political platforms crawled up to one of the posts which supported the awning, and remarked:

"Teats, you don't comprehend the finer effects of mental culture. You are a stale bean stew for some party—and I can't swallow you!"

—The following is the analysis of *Onondaga Plaster* as made by Dr. F. A. Genth, chemist, State Board of Agriculture:

Quartz and insoluble matter	7.36
Hydrous sulphate of lime (Gypsum)	76.11
Carbonate of lime magnesia, oxide of iron, etc., not separated	16.53
	100.00

This sample was taken at random from a bag in the possession of a dealer in Lock Haven, Mr. George S. Good, and forwarded to M. C. Beebe, Esq., Vice President Pa. Board of Agriculture. This Plaster is for sale in Bellefonte only by

LAWRENCE L. BROWN.

—Mr. Garver, the other day, showed us a small bone, half an inch long, which was taken from the heart of a cow, only a very small edge of it protruding from the heart. The bone apparently was a splint from a fracture which had penetrated the animal's heart and became firmly encased there, without causing the cow's death.—*Reporter.*

—Just received, the largest and handsomest stock of embroideries from 1c a yard up at Lyon & Co.'s.

—A good child's suit at Lyon & Co.'s for $2.00.

The Clearfield Strike.

The Clearfield miners are still idle, they refusing to work for less than sixty cents a ton. A few men are at work in some of the mines, as for instance, twenty at Sterling, fifteen at Moshannon, and five to ten at Morrisdale; but the fact that only 1,612 tons of coal passed over the road last week, makes it very evident that the work being done in the mines is scarcely worth mentioning.

Floating rumors to the effect that the operators have made certain offers to the men, are without foundation. No concessions whatever have been made, nor is it at all probable that any such will be made, either now or at any time in the future. The operators declare, emphatically, that they will not pay the advance asked for, and some of the superintendents at Osceola are in receipt of daily communications protesting against the payment or allowance of any advance on the price of mining.

On the other hand, the miners declare their determination to hold out until they secure the advance. From this condition of affairs, it is very clear that resumption is merely a question of time. The miners are dependent on their labor for support. Most of them have families to provide for, and when they reach the end of their string, there will be but one remedy. Besides, it is well known that many of the men were opposed to the strike from the first, and now, it is believed that many of them are willing to resume work at the old prices, if they could have an opportunity to be heard or the means to act upon their own inclinations. For these reasons, it would seem that the strike must terminate within a short time.

So far as the operators are concerned, they can afford to hold off until about the 1st of April, when it will be necessary for them to commence filling orders for the spring trade. Just what they will do, or what they can do, if the miners hold out, is a matter of uncertainty; but we have no doubt they are maturing plans that will go into effect whenever they are ready to operate the mines.—*Tyrone Herald.*

A New El Dorado.

Ever since the discovery of the New World the country of Patagonia has been a comparatively unknown portion of the world. It is situated upon the southern extremity of South America; its length is 1,030 miles, its breadth 420 miles; it contains an area of 315,000 square miles, and has a population of only 120,000. The eastern portion is claimed by the government of the Argentine Republic, and the western portion by Chili. The native population are a tall race of people, but not as tall as has been represented by some early travelers. They average about six and one-half feet in heighth; their color reddish brown, and their hair black, coarse and lank. They have large mouths with thick lips, but good teeth. Their habits are indolent, and they are extremely filthy, but when treated well they are very good natured. Their houses—or we might more properly say huts—are formed of a few sticks, covered over with the skins of animals. Their arms consist of a long lance, a bow and arrow, a knife (if it can be procured), and balls made fast to the ends of a long leather thong, which they throw with a rotary motion, and use for entangling the legs of animals. There are several tribes, each independent of the other, living in different parts of the country; those on the west coast being smaller in stature than the others. They are all exceedingly vain and great liars. This is about the substance of what has been known of this country up to the present day. But now we have the news from the United States consul at Buenos Ayres, in a dispatch to the Department of State, dated February 5, 1880, who reports that the exploration of Patagonia is proceeding with highly favorable results. Senor Moreno's expedition had reached the slopes west of the Andes, and found a fertile country, full of natural resources and only awaiting the wand of civilization for its development. The mountain slopes abound with pasturage for cattle, and the fertile plains are overrun with small fruits. Communication with the Atlantic ocean is easy. The President of the Argentine Republic congratulated Senor Moreno, and promised him the hearty and continued support of the Government.

Legislative Investigation of the Maine Fraud.

AUGUSTA, Me., March 18.—The Legislative Committee inquiring into the conduct of ex-Governor Garcelon and Council have made a report. It states that Garcelon, while evincing a willingness to disclose everything, was infirm in his memory, and failed to give satisfactory reasons for his course. When the evidence was laid before him he ceased longer to defend the counting out, and passionately declared that the Judases among the Council had done the villainy. The committee say,

First—That the returns were kept from the candidates, contrary to usage.

Second—that during such time the alterations, erasures and forgeries were made upon them for the purpose of counting out the Republicans.

Third—That during this time the defects of the Fusion returns were surreptitiously corrected and affidavits secured to throw out Republican towns.

Fourth—In all such cases, results invariably counted out the Republican candidates and counted in the Fusion candidates.

Fifth—The result was reached by refusing to allow the Republicans' errors to be corrected.

Sixth—Rules here laid down were strictly applied to reject Republican returns and not applied to count Fusion returns.

Seventh—Many of these rules were evidently invoked to secure a Fusion Legislature.

Eighth—These illegal and fraudulent acts were part of a premeditated plan to secure a Fusion Governor and Legislature, and the Governor and Council must have been parties to it.

Ninth—Different appropriations by the Legislature have been diverted from their legitimate purposes, and in many cases have been exhausted. Public funds have been withdrawn from the Treasury by Governor Garcelon and his Council without warrant or law and have been applied to unauthorized purposes and for unlawful ends. Large sums of money belonging to the State remain in the hands of Governor Garcelon and other officials of last year, which should be recovered back into the Treasury. The recklessness of management disclosed in the transactions of last year tends to destroy public confidence, undermine the public credit and introduce practices which, if unrebuked, will prove fatal to the future prosperity and progress of the State.

The reports in the Legislative bribery cases have been prepared. The committee are unanimous in reporting that the case of Bartholomew against Chas. E. Ricker is not sustained by the evidence, and majority report to the same effect in the respective cases of Swan and Harriman against Wallace R. White. In the latter case the minority present a report that they cannot concur in the conclusion of the majority.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Rock Springs Items.

ROCK SPRINGS, March 10.

To the Editor of the Republican:

We seldom ever see an article in the columns of the REPUBLICAN from Rock Springs.

True we are a civil and religious sect and do not do much to bring ourselves into public notoriety. But the people of our little town are not to be left behind in musical attainments.

Not many days ago bills were posted for a concert in the hall in this place by the Rock Springs Singing Class, to be held Saturday evening, March 6th, with the intention of having a few days' practice before the final evening would arrive. But the first rehearsal brought many strangers as well as home talent not belonging to the class who wished to enter; that instead of a concert alone, the affair which was to have been of short duration, proved in the end to be a convention, and all who lent a listening ear will join with me in saying, "the convention of the season."

Under the auspices of Professor J. A. Weaver, a musical attempt is bound to prove a success. The convention closed with a concert on Saturday evening, March 6th. The music had been selected to please the most critical, and consisted of songs, glees, anthems, polkas, waltzs, etc. The bass solo, "I am king ever land and sea," by Prof. Weaver, brought rounds of applause, and the audience refused to be quieted until the performer had promised to render the same again before the closing hour. Prof. Weaver is second to none in musical culture, his productions are universally admired, and he knows just how to render them to produce an effect.

Mr. William Musser's comical song, "Limberger Sheese," and "Of the girls I am so shy," were highly appreciated and loudly applauded.

Miss Annie Musser, proverbial for her clear, strong soprano voice and gift of distinct articulation, held the audience in almost breathless silence while performing her part of "The great Admiral," "Life's wheat is full of tares," etc. We would like to give an idea of the musical talents of all present, but to enter into the minute details time and space will not permit.

Between seventy-five and one hundred members were in attendance, and suffice to say all took an active part, and the proper credit is due each and all for assisting Prof. Weaver to make the entertainment one of profit and pleasure. SPECTATOR.

WASHINGTON.

Special Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Mch. 22.

The Democrats have one great advantage. If they cannot steal a State, as in the case of Maine, because such men as Senator Blaine are around watching them, and placing obstacles in their way, they think they have the power and right to steal seats in Congress. Thus the Senate Committee on election has followed the House Committee in recommending a thief. They want Kellogg's seat for Spafford, and will press their claims because they know there is no veto power and no law above them in this case. But they will have a lively time committing this steal. They will find Senator Blaine and others have not learned their "tricks and their manoeuvers" in vain. Our friends will fight every inch of ground in such a case, and the Bourbons will get their fill of campaign thunder. The Democrats of the House still hesitate in their unseating programme, but there is no doubt they intend carrying it out in time.

Speaking of this matter reminds me of the accounts now coming from Maine. Some of the State stealers are making disgraceful confessions. The investigation into the manner in which that State was Garcelonized will furnish some interesting reading to Democrats during the coming campaign.

The resolution presented by Representative Buckner, to adjourn Congress on May 24th is simply Democratic buncombe. It has no meaning. No business of consequence has been done, and it seems as though none was seriously contemplated by Democratic Congressmen yet. Their whole object seems to be to gain political advantage, and as in this course they commit blunder instead, they will have to have a very long session to accomplish anything.

Hon. Edward McPherson, the new Secretary of the Congressional Committee has arrived and taken charge of the work for the campaign. He will make things lively.

The debate Wednesday on the Printing Office deficiency bill was very interesting. It displayed the Democratic side in rather a bad light. After investigating the Printing Office ever since they have had a majority in the House, they are forced to confess that it is the best managed institution in the world. Democrats still persist in presenting schemes for changes, and they turn out to be simply for the purpose of getting some Democrat a new and fat job. In the present instance they would like to refuse further supplies to the Printing Office, but if they do it the printing of their speeches must stop, and that hits them in a bad place. PHIL.

News Items from Our Exchanges.

QUARRELLING OVER A BODY.

An old lady, Mrs. Mattern, mother-in-law of Geo. Pecht, of Honey Creek, was interred on the 16th ult., in the Salem graveyard. The following Thursday it was discovered that the body had been taken up and carried away stealthily, which fact becoming known caused much excitement in the community. After investigation it was found that friends in Snyder county had taken the body away, being actuated by a standing family quarrel.—*Lewistown Gazette.*

A FATAL KICK.

An 8 year old boy named Bennett, son of Mr. Elisha Bennett, of Morrellville, Cambria county, died about 11 o'clock Wednesday night, from the effects of a kick on his abdomen, which was administered in the course of a quarrel with a playmate. The little lad was engaged in one of the common games peculiar to boys of his age, and his competitor was somewhat older. A dispute arose between them, and it terminated in a quarrel, which resulted in the young lads resorting to the usual settlement in such cases. It is not positively asserted that young Bennett died from the injuries received, but Dr. C. Sheridan, Jr., the physician who attended him, is of the opinion that the hurt was a fatal one.—*Altoona Tribune.*

BOTH LEGS CUT OFF.

On Tuesday morning at 6:10 o'clock, a man named Patrick Dunn, said to be a miner in search of work, was run over by the cars at Mt. Union, and had both legs cut off. He was riding on a freight train in company with some tramps, and when the car in which they were was cut from the train, he got out, and in attempting to get on another car he fell under the wheels. He was taken into a neighboring house, where his injuries were attended to, but death ensued at ten o' lock the same evening. He resided in Shenandoah city, Schuylkill county, and the sad intelligence was communicated to his mother.—*Huntingdon News.*

OIL OPERATIONS.

We learn from a private correspondent in England that the story is current in London that the standard Oil Company of the United States, have invested a million dollars in the petroleum lands bordering on the Caspian sea, and a million marks ($250,000) in the newly discovered oil region near Bremen, in Germany. It is also among the on-dits that the Standard has an agent in England purchasing hoop iron for their American barrel factories. Such ventures as these, supplementing or auxiliary to the immense ramifications of the company in this country give to the Standard Company a Napoleanic character. We hope there may not await them either an Elba, a Waterloo or a Helena.—*Pittsburgh Commercial.*

TERRIBLE DEATH.

This afternoon about two o'clock one of the saddest accidents that has taken place here for a long time occurred at the Chester dock saw mill. John Dixson, aged about nineteen, engaged in running a saw, was cleaning out the under pit where the dust accumulates. His coat-tail caught on a shaft which makes two hundred and ninety revolutions per minute, whirling him around with such velocity as to tear away every thread of clothing, even his shoes and stockings, and killing him almost instantly. His head and legs struck against the sides of the pit and were horribly mangled. An effort was made to stop the mill, but before this could be done the unfortunate man fell to the bottom of the pit.—*Chester Paper.*

GOLD IN DAUPHIN COUNTY.

The iron ore business is all cast in the shade by the finding of gold quartz in several of the ore mines. A peculiar ore or quartz has been found in the mines of Geo. F. Seits and Jos. Shaw, near Glen Rock, which is supposed, by those who claim to know, to be gold quartz. The quantities are quite promising; if the ore is the right kind of stuff, we will have a Pike's Peak here ere long. Some of the ore is now undergoing chemical analysis in reliable hands. All the little pebbles are now carefully examined.—*Dillsburg Bulletin.*

DISCOVERY OF A HUMAN SKELETON.

A dispatch from Bushkill, Pa., to the Harrisburg *Telegraph* says:

Great excitement prevails throughout this section over the discovery of a human skeleton in the woods near "Twelve Mile Pond," in Porter township, Pike county. A party of men were in the woods cutting railroad ties, when one of them stumbled upon a woolen blanket, and upon everturning some of the stones found portions of a human skeleton. The bones had been carefully secreted. A justice of the peace has been notified and an inquest will be held. The bones are supposed to be those of a German peddler who frequently passed through here, carrying large sums of money. It is thought that he was robbed and murdered by parties who knew he carried money with him.

A REMARKABLE PORKER.

A remarkable pig story comes from the farm of W. Y. Crossan, who lives near Strickersville, Chester county, just beyond the Delaware line. One of a litter of small pigs escaped from its pen into the barnyard one night, and was suckled by the cows. Ever after the little porker refused the nutriment provided him by nature, and lived upon cow's milk. The cows indulged him in his peculiar taste, and patiently lay down that he might slake his thirst. A few days since, at the age of five weeks, the little porker was sold away from his foster-mother, having far outstripped in growth his brothers and sisters of the sty.—*Wilmington News.*

THE MINING BOOM.

The ore mining business is now booming along with the other active iron industries of this part of the State. Mines already opened are being worked energetically, and the

iron districts of Montgomery, Chester and Berks are being prospected over carefully in search of new veins of ores. A gentleman who has been along the East Pennsylvania branch of the Reading Railroad says there is a shaft being sunk in almost every hillside along the line, or men with picks and spades traveling over them looking for surface indications. No doubt the present demand for iron ores will have the effect of discovering and developing some rich finds in various parts of Eastern Pennsylvania, and at places where it is little dreamed of that such mineral wealth lies hidden.—*Reading Despatch.*

SINGULARLY RELIEVED.

Some time ago a pin entered the ear of a Miss Rineer, of Manor township, Lancaster county, and caused her great suffering. Several surgical experts tried to remove it, but without success. The other day the large house dog at Miss Rineer's home began barking furiously, and as there seemed no good cause for it and Miss R. was the only person at home, she ran into the yard and stooped to pick up a stick with which to intimidate the dog. As she stooped the pin dropped from her ear, to her great relief and consequent delight.—*Lancaster New Era.*

A DOG'S TRAVELS.

About two weeks ago Joseph Lear, brother of our townsman, C. B. Lear, moved from the Gap, Lancaster county, to the farm of Marshall Matlack, near the Washington hotel, about seven miles east of West Chester. He brought with him a valuble shepherd dog leaving its mate behind; about ten days after his removal the dog was missed from the premises on Saturday evening, and did not return until the following Tuesday. The animal's whereabouts was not known until Mr. Lear received a letter stating that the dog arrived at his old home in Lancaster county, on Sunday, and appeared to be looking for his mate, which had since been removed from the premises. After two days' search and in which he failed to find his canine associate, Mr. Lear's dog left for home on Monday evening and arrived there on Tuesday morning, making the distance of 32 miles during the night.—*West Chester Republican.*

BOURBON BALLADS—No. 62.

WANTED—A DECOY CANDIDATE.

Sung by the National Democratic Committee in Secret Session Assembled.

As cunning hunters of the duck,
When they would bag the guileless flock,
A floating wooden counterfeit
Upon the lake deploy,
So, brothers, let us use our wit!
The soldier-vote will from us flee
Unless, in nominating, we
Set up a good decoy.

There's Bayard, Voorhees, Pendleton,
Who tried to spike the Union gun,
And when an army issued forth
The Nation to destroy,
They faced exactly South by North,
And din't seem to care a cent
Which way the "brutal struggle" went—
They're spoiled for a decoy!

Ignatius Donnelly might serve,
And Garcelon, though lacking nerve;
In stealing Northern States they would
Such rascally plots employ
As double discount Robin Hood!
They bob around, a cheerful sight,
But they're dead ducks, like Butler, quite
Too dead for a decoy.

There's Tilden, Hendricks, Thurman, who
Kept shady till the war was through!
Who, when the soldiers Southward went,
Whispered, "I wish you joy!"
In voices very low and faint;
They'll never answer. If we can
We should induce a soldier man
To serve as a decoy.

For unity we must divide
And put two soldiers side by side;
The one the Federal vote to catch:
O, Hancock is the boy!
The other his Confederate match—
Wade Hampton, patriot tried and true!
The man in gray and man in blue—
Our duplicate decoy!

The Clearfield Miners' Strike.

We glean the following from the Osceola correspondence of the Philadelphia *Ledger:* On Wednesday quite a commotion was occasioned among the miners in the Clearfield coal district by the announcement that Mr. Thomas C. Fisher would pay the ten cents advance demanded if the miners would agree to continue work at that price for six months. At a meeting of delegates chosen by the men who work in the Excelsior mine, Mr. Fisher's proposition was accepted. It is said by some that Mr. Fisher simply promised to pay the ten cents advance, if the other operators would do so. On Thursday a telegram was received from the Coal Exchange, in Philadelphia, to the effect that Mr. Fisher's proposition was rejected by them, and that they would not pay the advance demand under any circumstances. While this matter was under discussion, 25 men went to work in the Moshannon mine, 10 in the Sterling, and 23 in the Morrisdale. With this number of men, only twenty-two carloads of coal can be shipped daily, while the capacity of the mines in the region is over six hundred per day.

On Friday a meeting between Mr. Jno. Whitehead, of the Ocean colliery, and the men that formerly worked in the mine, was held, at which the miners said that they would work for sixty cents per ton when coal was selling at $3.50 per ton at tidewater, and five cents raise on every twenty-five cents additional received above that price. Mr. Whitehead replied that he would accept no terms except that of 50 cents per ton, as the present price of coal would not justify the increase, and also that the operators were not willing to furnish coal at a loss any longer.

The loss by the strike, which has thrown out of employment about 3000 men, amounts to about $30,000 a day, including the loss of the railroad company interested in shipping the coal. The heaviest sufferers are the miners themselves, who lose their entire savings, and many of them have nothing laid aside to stand a long strike unless the storekeepers give them credit.

A Calamity at Lincoln, Penn.

EPHRATAH, PENN., March 21.—During the progress of an entertainment given by the public school in the principal hall at Lincoln, Lancaster County, last night, at which about 500 persons were present, part of the floor gave way, precipitating about 125 people to the floor below. Many persons escaped by jumping out of the windows, which are about twelve feet from the ground.

About thirty persons were injured, some of them seriously. Among the latter are Mrs. Jacob Koeningmacher and the Misses Alice Bowman, Ada Springer, Ada Miller, Laura Erb and Christie Bingaman. During the confusion the scholars rushed on the stage, overturning two coal oil lamps, one of which exploded, setting fire to the carpet; but the fire was extinguished before any serious damage was done. Intense excitement prevails throughout the neighborhood. It is not yet certain that all of the wounded will survive.

Speer's Port Wine.

Is recommended by physicians above all others as a gentle stimulent, tonic and diuretic. It is something they can prescribe to patients with confidence, knowing they are using an article that is strictly pure, and possesses the highest medicinal virtues.

Charles A. Sceley, a skillful chemist of New York city, after making a careful and thorough analysis, says: "I have examined the wine with the view of determining the presence or absence of various injurious substances which are contained in so-called Port wines, such as logwood, crude spirits, etc. I have not found any of these substances in Mr. Speer's wine, and it does not contain anything but what is found in pure Grape juice wines. For sale by John Harris. 11-2

Regulate the Secretions.

In our endeavors to preserve health it is of the utmost importance that we keep the secretory system in perfect condition. The well known remedy Kidney-Wort, has specific action upon the Kidneys, liver and bowels. Use it instead of dosing with vile bitters or drastic pills. It is purely vegetable and is prompt but mild in action.

Again Victorious.

At the International Dairy Fair, held in New York, December, 1879, a committee of the most expert butter makers made the most careful tests of all the different butter colors. The result was the unanimous award of the only prize to Wells, Richardson & Co.'s Perfected Butter Color. Again this original and perfect color scores a victory as it always does when there is honest and fair competition with any of its competitors. Sold by druggists and merchants. Take no other.

Piles! Piles! Piles!

Do you know what it is to suffer with piles? If you do, you know what is one of the worst torments of the human frame. The most perfect cure ever known is Kidney Wort. It cures constipation, and then its tonic action restores health to the deceased bowels, and prevents recurrence of the disease. Try it without delay.

New Advertisements.

ORPHANS COURT SALE
—OF—
REAL ESTATE.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER of the Orphans' Court of Centre county, will be sold at public sale, at the Court House, Bellefonte, on

Saturday, April 24th, '80,

commencing at 2 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate, the property of David Weaver, late of Bellefonte, deceased, to wit:

No. 1. All that certain messuage, lot or piece of ground, situate in the borough of Bellefonte, county of Centre, and State of Penn'a., bounded and described as follows: On the north by lot of Hannah Ward, on the east by Penn street, on the south by lot of M. W. Cowdrick, and on the west by Decator alley.

No. 4. All that messuage, tenement and tract of land, situate in the township of Marion, in the said county of Centre, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at tones, thence north 39¼ degrees west 210 perches to stones, thence north 58 degrees east 19 6-10 perches to a chestnut, thence north 32 degrees west 92 perches to stones, thence north 60 degrees east 76 7-10 perches to stones, thence south 19° east 28 perches to stones, thence north 53 degrees east 40 perches to maple, thence south 14 degrees east 38 perches to stones, thence south 60 degrees 23 and three-tenth perches to stones, thence south 19¼ degrees east 244 perches, thence south 56½ degrees west forty-eight perches to place of beginning, containing one hundred and thirty-six acres, neat measure.

No. 5. All that certain tract of land situate in Marion township, in said county of Centre, bounded and described as follows: On the east by lands of Jacob Garbrick, on the south by lands of Moses Thompson, on the west by lands of John Spade, and on the north by lands described in purpart No. 4, with which it will be sold as an undivided part, containing 5 acres and one hundred and thirty-two perches.

The improvements on the above-described farm are a large frame house and a large frame bank barn, and all necessary outbuildings. The land is in a high state of cultivation, having been heavily limed within the last few years. A never-failing supply of water right at the door. A large apple orchard, in good bearing order. A choice variety of cherry and other fruit trees. Underlying a portion of this land is a fine quality of iron ore. Only five miles from Bellefonte, and near to schools and churches.

Terms of sale.—One third (the widow's dower) to remain charged upon the land, one-third to be paid on confirmation of the sale, and the remaining third to be paid in one year thereafter, with interest, the dower and the deferred payment to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises. SUSAN WEAVER,
12-3t JAMES C. WEAVER,
Administrators.

Tape Worm

INFALLIBLY CURED with two spoons of medicine in two or three hours. For particulars address with stamp, H. EICKHORN, No. 4 St. Mark's Place, New York. 12 3w

AGENTS Make quick sales and the best profits on our new book, Golden Thoughts on Mother, Home and Heaven, in prose and poetry, by 500 authors. Illustrated. Pleases everybody; $2.75; also, 5000 Curiosities of the Bible, $1.75; mailed on receipt of price. E. B. TREAT, Publisher, 805 Broadway, N. Y. 12w4

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Isabella S. Barber, deceased, late of Potter township, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
W. J. THOMPSON,
11-6t* Administrator.

New Advertisements.

ALEXANDER & CO.,
BELLEFONTE, PA.

Knowing of the want long felt by farmers of having a place at which, and responsible parties from whom, they can purchase all kinds of implements used by them, and at which they can always find a full supply of repairs, we have concluded to connect with our Lime and Coal business an

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT AND SEED STORE,

At which we will always be prepared to furnish anything that a farmer may want in the shape of Agricultural Implements, such as Threshers and Separators, to be run by horse power or steam, Clover Hullers and Cleaners, Harvesters, Combined Reapers and Mowers, or single Machines, Grain Drills, with or without Fertilizer Attachments, Hay and Grain Rakes, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Corn Planters, Straw and Fodder Cutters, the CELEBRATED CORTLAND WAGON, the best in the market, together with everything in the shape of an Implement that a farmer may want.

We will purchase all kinds of

GRAIN AND CLEAN SEEEDS,

At market prices; furnish farmers with Plaster, Artificial Fertilizers, Grain, Grass and Garden Seeds, and will fill orders for Fruit and Ornamental Trees.

We manufacture the best lime in the State for Agricultural and Mechanical purposes.

We keep our Coal Yard stocked with the best

ANTHRACITE COAL,

And sell the same at the lowest market prices.

If any person wants anything in our line, and we do not have it, we will order it for him and it will only cost him manufacturer's price.

Call at our Store, in Haupt's Building, opposite the Bush House, near Depot, and inquire for what you want.
12-10-tf ALEXANDER & CO.

H. C. WEAVER'S

Cuban Cigar Store,

(Under First National Bank,)

BELLEFONTE, PENNA.,

Keeps constantly on hand a large stock of

Cigars of Every Quality

to suit the country trade, manufactured by him from selected stock. Also a large assortment of

SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCOS.

SNUFF AND PIPES.

In fact, every kind of Smokers' Articles.

Dealers will consult their interest by calling on him before purchasing elsewhere. He cannot be undersold; his motto being "Quick Sales and Small Profits."
v12n11tf H. C. WEAVER.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.

Millie M. Bealich, by her next best friend A. T. Boggs, vs. Edwin A. Bealich. } In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre Co., No. 7, Jan. Term, 1880. Alias Subpœna in Divorce, A. V. M.

The undersigned Commissioner, appointed by said Court to take testimony in the above case, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office, in the borough of Bellefonte, on Thursday, the 15th day of April, A. D. 1880, at 1 o'clock p. m. Parties interested please attend.
CLEMENT DALE,
12-3t Commissioner.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the Orphans' Court of Centre county, in the matter of the exceptions filed to the third partial account of A. R. Barlow, executor of the last will and testament of Clement Beckwith, dec'd., the undersigned, appointed by said Court to hear and pass upon the exceptions filed to said account, and restate the same in accordance with his findings, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office, in the borough of Bellefonte, on Thursday, the 23d day of April, A. D. 1880, at 10 o'clock a. m. Parties interested please attend.
12-3t CLEMENT DALE,
Auditor.

PUBLIC SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Centre county, will be exposed to public sale on the premises, on Saturday, the 17th day of April, 1880, the following described real estate, late of Ellen Mitchell, dec'd., viz: All that certain tract or lot of ground, in Eagleville, Centre county, bounded on the west by lands of James P. Lingle, on the north by an alley, on the east by a street, and on the south by public road from Bellefonte to Lock Haven, containing half an acre, more or less, thereon erected a two-story Frame Building and other Outbuildings.

TERMS.—One-half the purchase money in cash upon the confirmation of the sale, the residue, with interest, in one year thereafter, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises. Sale to begin at 1 o'clock p. m.
SAMUEL GLOSSNER,
12-3t Adm'r of Ellen Mitchell, dec'd.

WANTED — CORRESPONDENCE WITH country ladies between the ages of twenty five and thirty-eight, by a western farmer (a bachelor) thirty-eight years old, light hair, blue eyes, fair complexion, five feet eight inches in height; prefers to correspond with ladies with dark hair. Letters should be addressed to
EPHRAIM C. SMITH,
12-11-6t Livonia, Washington Co., Indiana.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Centre county, will be exposed to public sale on the premises, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 27, 1808,

At 1 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate, late of John Workman, dec'd., viz:

All that lot of ground in Eagleville, Liberty township, county of Centre, bounded on the west by public road, on the south by lands of Samuel H. Kunes, on the east by lands of W. S. Gardner's estate, and on the north by land of Mrs. J. Garbrick, containing about one-third of an acre, more or less; thereon erected a one and a half story dwelling house and outbuildings.

Terms made known on day of sale.
9-4t SAMUEL WORKMAN, Adm'r.

MINING STOCK FOR SALE.

The Carbonate Gold and Silver Mining Company, of Leadville, Col., own more valuable Gold and Silver Mines than any other Company in the State. The stock is ten dollars per share, full paid up, and non-assessable. They now offer a limited number of shares for sale through the undersigned, at $2.00 per share. References and information cheerfully given. Direct all orders and communications to M. BOYD, 144 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. P. O. Box 1064 12-12-1y

THE Annual Meeting of the stockholders of the Bellefonte Library Association will be held at their rooms, on Monday, April 4, 1880, at 7½ p. m., for the purpose of electing a Board of Managers for the ensuing year, and for transacting any other business that may come before them.
10-4t JACOB V. THOMAS, Sec.

Philadelphia One Price Clothing House.

The Philadelphia Branch of 26 North Third Street

ONE PRICE CLOTHING STORE,

Allegheny St., Bellefonte, Pa.

The Largest Stock of Clothing Ever Brought to Centre County, Which They

Retail at Wholesale Prices.

A STERNBURG can be found at this Store.

SAMUEL LEWINS,
Manager.
12-4 tf.

Lawrence L. Brown—Coal, Grain, Plaster, &c.

Coal! Coal! Coal!

Grain! Grain! Grain!

LAWRENCE L. BROWN,

Dealer in

COAL, GRAIN, PLASTER, &c.

OFFICE, GRAIN ELEVATOR AND COAL YARD

Near South End Bald Eagle Valley Railroad.

WILKESBARRE and SHAMOKIN

ANTHRACITE COAL!!

Best Qualities Always on Hand,

WELL SCREENED, DELIVERED PROMPTLY AND WEIGHTS GUARANTEED.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR

ALL KINDS OF GRAIN AND SEED.

Also keeps on hand a large stock of coarse grains which he sells at lowest market prices, either in small lots or by car loads. It is my endeavor to give good satisfaction to all those who favor me with their patronage, and by so doing I hope to have a continuance of the large trade I have enjoyed since succeeding the late firm of Shortlidge & Co. 11-26-tf

J. H. Bauland's Bee Hive Store.

J. H. BAULAND'S

ALLEGHENY ST., BELLEFONTE, PA.,

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY GOODS

—AT THE—

BEE HIVE

ONE PRICE EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS STORE.

I AM OFFERING THE

LARGEST, BEST AND CHEAPEST

STOCK OF DRY GOODS IN CENTRE COUNTY.

Every One says that is the Place for Bargains. Go then and be Convinced.

ALL GOODS AT ALL TIMES SOLD AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

Having received an immense stock of goods before the advance I am able to sell Cheaper than any store in town

All My Goods are Marked in Plain Figures.

Hoping to receive an early call, I remain, Respectfully Yours,

J. H. BAULAND.

MY MOTTO IS: "One price—the very lowest—and no misrepresentation."

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Farm and Fireside.

The Potato Crop.

BY ALEXANDER HYDE.

What crops to raise and how much land to devote to each are questions that most thoughtful farmers have decided ere this. If any one has allotted only a small patch to potatoes, we beg him to consider what hoed crop he can raise that, for the labor and fertilizers expended, will make better returns. Tobacco excepted, in some sections and in some years we find nothing pays as well as potatoes, and this is true whether we regard them as a money crop, as farmers call it that is to be sold, or for family consumption. This opinion is not based wholly on personal experience and observation in one locality, but is confirmed by general statistics. By the last census of Massachusetts we find that the value of potatoes raised in the Bay State in 1875 was $2,349,815, which is more than for any other agricultural product, hay excepted. The average yield per acre was only 108 bushels. This is a miserable average, and beets, carrots, and parsnips make a greater return per acre, but when the comparative expense of these crops is considered, potatoes show the greatest net profit. They are also very salable. Every body likes potatoes. They have become an indispensable luxury to the rich, and are equally an indispensable necessity to the poor. They rank next to bread as the staff of life, and, like bread, are very farinaceous and free from marked taste, and are thus adapted to all tastes. Squashes, turnips, beets, onions, etc., are relished occasionally, but potatoes are wanted every day in the years, and, fortunately, can be had every day, as they keep better than any other root. The demand for them would be still greater if housewives knew in how many ways they can be cooked. We have lived in families in which mashed potatoes was the order of the day from Sunday to Monday, month in and month out. Now, mashed potato is good, but one tires of it when served up just so for a year with no change. Baked potatoes are better than mashed, but these are not desirable 365 days in a year. A skillful housekeeper will vary the potato programme, furnishing boiled, baked, broiled, fried, etc., so as to make a variety, and by so doing she increases the demand for this most valuable esculent. Supply and demand are said to regulate each other, but there is a way to increase both. If the present "boom" in business continues, the demand for potatoes this year will be great, and farmers should plan accordingly. We therefore venture a few suggestions as to the cultivation of this crop.

In the first place, the soil should be light, loamy, and rich. Potatoes grow almost everywhere, from the tropic to Iceland, but they have their favorite climates and soils, in which they make the best returns. They will grow in a stiff clay loam, but it is not profitable to plant them in such a soil. The tubers want room to expand easily. Clay presses them too closely, and also excludes air and light. A clay loam, in a wet season, is so retentive of moisture that potatoes are much more liable to rot in it than when planted in a lighter and more porous soil. New land, that is, land freshly redeemed from a forest, and filled with a leaf mold, will furnish the greatest crop of this esculent and of the finest quality. We have known 600 bushels to be raised on such land which were as farinaceous and fine flavored as the veriest epicure could desire. But such a soil cannot be found on every farm. The next best potato-field is an old pasture with a thick sod. This, turned over in the fall, will rot in season to furnish a mellow bed in which the potatoes will lie as thick and grow as fast as a litter of pigs. On such a sod a paying crop of potatoes can be raised without other manure than a little ashes and a sprinkling of plaster, but it is always better to manure old land, for though 100 bushels per acre pay well, 300 pay better, as the same plowing and cultivation are required. If the land is remote from the barn, involving considerable expense in hauling manure, we should use a special fertilizer for potatoes, containing the three essentials of fertilization—potash, ammonia, and phosphate of lime—the first and last of which are leading constituents of potatoes, and constitute the main ingredients of this special fertilizer.

If a farmer has no other than stiff clay land on which to grow potatoes, he should plow it in the fall, and in the course of the winter cover it thoroughly with stable manure, or compost in which muck abounds, and in the spring incorporate this with the soil with a cultivator harrow. Muck alone makes a good dressing for clay lands, but it is much better when composted with horse manure or something that will heat it and set it fermenting. The sweepings of a woolen mill or the refuse sizing from a paper mill will heat it up to the fermenting point in short order, and at the same time increase its fertilizing power. Such a compost will make clay lands into good potato ground. Coal ashes also we have found excellent on a stiff clay loam, rendering it dry and pliable so that it will yield a good crop of potatoes. They should be used liberally, and when the potatoes are planted they should be dosed with a little fertilizer, as the action of the coal ashes is mainly mechanical.

What variety of potatoes to plant is a question of no small importance. There is as much difference in potatoes as in other folks, as Mrs. Partington says. Some yield abundantly and others niggardly. Some are farinaceous wherever grown, and others are soggy, no matter under what favorable conditions they are cultivated. Some have such a hardy, vigorous constitution that they uniformly resist disease, while others succumb to every change of the weather, and decay on the least provocation. What is a serious consideration, the finest grained and the best flavored potatoes are most liable to disease. We have never seen a potato equal in quality to the Carter, but so delicate is their variety that, like some refined families, it has become pretty much extinct. The Snowflake resembles the Carter, but, like its predecessor, it is too delicate to be relied upon as the main crop. The Peachblow has the same defect, so far as our experience with it is concerned, but others recommend it as hardy, and it is certainly excellent in quality. We have relied of late years on the Early Rose. This commands a good price in market, is well shaped, yields abundantly—when richly manured—and is so early that we can generally get them full grown before the bugs make much impression upon them. We know that some contend that the Early Rose has outlived its usefulness, does not yield liberally, and has become delicate, but such is not our experience. Give it a good chance, and it still comes out ahead of every other variety, all things considered. The Early Vermont may be a little ahead of it in maturing, but we do not find it so good in quality, and it has not the reputation of the Early Rose. There is no little advantage in raising a potato whose character is established and for which there is a demand. For this reason we should try the Alpha, St. Patrick, and many other new varieties in moderation till we know more fully what they are. 'Stick to an old friend till you find a better," is a maxim which a wise old Judge once gave us, and it applies to agriculture as well as to social life.

The profit in potato-growing depends greatly on the mode of culture. This crop can be raised at 20 cents per bushel, or twice this amount, the expense varying with the skill of the cultivator. Generally too much seed is planted. The old rule was ten bushels of seed to the acre. Half of this amount is better, as two many stalks in a hill are sure to give us many small potatoes. Select medium sized tubers for seed, and those well-shaped; oval we prefer. Cut the seed a few days before planting and put them in barrels, and as soon as a barrel is full, and while the cut is fresh, put a couple quarts of plaster on top and shake it down. This will adhere to the freshly cut surface, prevent decay and furnish a stimulant to the young shoots. Mark out the rows three feet apart and straight as an arrow, dropping the seed 10 or 12 inches from each other in the furrow, and covering by horsepower with a potato coverer, the same instrument which is used as a tobacco ridger. This mellows the soil and leaves a smoother surface than can be made by the hand hoe, and with a small fraction of the labor. We ought to say right here, and with emphasis, that this planting should be done as soon as the ground is dry enough to crumble. The earlier we can get potatoes in the more likely they are to escape the ravages of the bug and the more sure we are of a good crop. Just before the young shoots appear, run over the ground lengthwise with the drills with a light-running cultivator, to exterminate the weeds and mellow the surface, and when the potatoes are fairly up, run the cultivator between the hills at least once a fortnight, and oftener should the ground become hard from heavy rains, till the potatoes are so far grown as to shade the soil. It may possibly be necessary to put on some finishing touches with the hand hoe, if the ground is weedy, but usually the cultivator will do up the business better than the hoe, as it mellows the soil so much better, and a well aerated, mellow bed is a "sine qua non" in potato culture. At the final cultivation we take out the teeth from Shaw's cultivator and run it between the drills, which brings the well-pulverized soil up to the stalks, and makes a bed as soft and tempting for the potatoes as a feather bed was to our grandmothers.—*New York Times.*

Breeding of Heavy Horses.

From the earliest times it has been a great misfortune and loss to mankind that so little attention has been paid to the breeding and rearing of a more perfect and powerful race of horses for heavy farm and road work and the use of the city dray and large express and truck wagon. Poets, from the sub'ime Job down to the high-spirited Byron, have been profuse in their descriptions and praises of the horse for war, the chase and the course; while historians, travelers and sportsmen have been ever eloquent over them in volumes of prose. Strange that the most generally useful of all the different breeds of horses should, with few exceptions, be ignored and passed by in silence, and so much be written and spoken of others which, although requisite for special purposes, and worthy of high admiration, have contributed less to the benefit of humanity. But fortunately a great change in this respect has taken place within the past few years in Europe as well as in America.

A numerous society, composed of noblemen, the landed gentry and farmers of Scotland, has recently been formed for the purpose of improving the breed of their larger sort of horses. This society takes the name of Clydesdale, and that distinguished nobleman, Earl of Dunmore, has been devoting a considerable part of the time during the past two years to editing a Stud Book of their horses, classed also as Clydesdale. The first volume of this has already been published, and the matter for the second is collecting. England is now zealously following the laudable example set her by Scotland, for what has long been known as the Shire and other of her best large breeds of horses. The Prince of Wales, Earl Ellesmere and other noblemen are giving no little attention to the getting out of their Stud Book, and the whole landed interest of the United Kingdom is fast waking up to the importance of improvement of this most useful of all their breeds of horses.

Within the past three years 200 to 1,000 guineas ($1,000 to $5,000) has been the common price in Great Britain for select heavy horses for breeding purposes, and even 1,500 guineas ($7,500) has been refused for a few of the very choicest, while 50 to 80 guineas ($250 to $400) is the ordinary price of those for farm and dray work alone. In France, Belgium, Holland, and a few districts of Northern Germany, prices have also advanced considerably, and greater attention is given than formerly to the improvement of their horses, all of which shows the rapidly increased interest in the subject abroad. Nor has this matter been neglected in America, particularly in the past four years, during which large numbers of powerful, heavy animals have been imported into Canada and the United States from Great Britain and France with a few also from Flanders. The Clydesdale breed has been more generally preferred for Canada, while the Percheron and Norman have taken precedence in our own county.—*A. B. Allen, in Harper's Magazine.*

The English Sparrow.

Our exchanges for a long time have been teeming with articles and communications in relation to the merits and demerits of the English sparrow, which was introduced here a number of years ago.

This bird has now become very abundant with us, and is, as we foretold it would be, one of the greatest of nuisances. Not only is it rapidly spreading, to the detriment of our native birds, but it is playing havoc in gardens and among the small fruits of the village farmers.

When the bird was first brought here, it had the reputation of being a good destroyer of insects, but so far as our observation goes it will not trouble itself with insect catching so long as it can get any seeds, grain or small fruits to eat. In fact, as an insect-destroyer the English sparrow is a total failure, and we cannot but look with alarm on the very rapid increase that is apparent of this bird.—*Massachusetts Ploughman.*

Excited His Curiosity.

"Deadwood," said the stranger, putting down his half-eaten slice of lemon pie and taking a long puff at the milk; "I went there when the first rush was made for the hills. Rather a rough lot the first crowd, you bet; more wholesome now. When I got there I was dead broke—didn't have a dollar, didn't have a revolver, which a man 'll often need out there worse'n a meal of vittles. I was prob'ly the only man in the hills who didn't carry a firearm, an' I was some lonesome, I tell you. The only weapon I had—I'm a blacksmith—was a rasp, a heavy file, you know, 'bout eighteen inches long, which I carried down my back, the handle in easy reach just below my coat collar. Underneath? Like the Arkansaw man carries his bowie knife. I'm not exactly a temperance man. I just don't drink an' don't meddle with any other man's drinkin'—that's all. One day—I hedn't been in Deadwood more'n a week—I was sittin' in a s'loon—only place a man kin set to see any society—when a feller come in, a reg'lar hustler, with his can full and a quart over. Hed a revolver on each side of his belt an' looked vicious. Nothin' mean about him, though. Askt me to drink. 'Not any, thank you,' sez I. 'Not drink with me! Me! Bill Feathergill! When I ask a tenderfoot to drink I expect him to prance right up an' no monkeyin'! You h-e-a-r me!"

"Well, when his hand went down for his revolver, I whipped out my old file quicker'n fire 'ud scorch a feather an' swiped him one right across the face. When he fell I thought I'd killed him, an' the s'loon fillin' up with bummers I sorter skinned out, not knowin' what might happen. Purty soon a chap in a red shirt came up to me. Sez he, 'You the man as ke-arved Feathergill? 'Cos, ef so be as you are, ef you don't want ev'ry man in the Hills to climb you, don't you try to hide yourself—the boys are askin' fur you now.'

"It struck me that my friend had the idee, so I waltzed back and went up and down before that s'loon for nigh three hours. I'd found out Bill wasn't dead an' was bad medicine, but it wouldn't do to let down. Purty soon I see my man a-headin fur me. His face had been patched up till it looked like a closing-out display of a retail dry-goods store. There was no little countenance exposed that I couldn't guess what he was a-amin' at, so I brought my hand back of my collar an' grabbed my file.

"Hold on there; hold on,' sez he, 'gim me y'r hand; I'm friendly, I've got nothin' agin you, not a thing, but you'll pardon my curiosity—what sort of a d——d weepon was that stranger?"—*Hartford Courant.*

Of all the possessions of this life, fame is the noblest; when the body has sunk into the dust, the great name still lives.

Busy-bodies are almost always idlers; the less business a man has, the more he meddles with that of his neighbors.

NEW YORK LETTER.

THE COMING CHINESE WELCOMED—THE PARTING PARNELL SPEEDER—POSTAGE STAMP THIEVES BAFFLED—A FIERY PATH TO PARADISE—PIOUS INVADERS—THE HEALTHIEST PRISON IN THE WORLD—AN INTERESTING INFANT—A ROASTED FIREMAN — CALIFORNIANS CROWDING EAST.

From our own Correspondence.

NEW YORK, March 20th, '80.

In mystic seclusions, in the remotest recesses of the top story of a prominent firm engaged in the manufacture of artistic vehicles, is a foreign painter. The workmen know nothing of his presence, or there might be war. The distinguished stranger has almond eyes. He is a Chinaman, a refuge from San Francisco and the legislators of the sand lots. He works cheaply, and with no little taste, in an Oriental sort of way, and it by no means follows that any one would object to his presence, but then again they might, and his employers, who rather calculated on making a sensation by his novel decorations, don't want to run any risks. There is quite a stir about the incoming Chinese, and ladies with fine equipages may be observed any day exploring the purlieus of Mott street in search of male chambermaids, cooks and washers with pigtails, under the impression that they are preferable to the average Bridget, costing less and giving less trouble. Perhaps they may find that in going farther they have fared worse. Poor abused Bridget has many good points.

After welcoming the heathen, we have been speeding our parting guest, Parnell, the Irish M. P. and agitator. The gallant Sixty-nine turned out to escort him to his steamer, and with lofty courtesy, the committee who were spouting at him and hobnobbing with a *doch-an-dhuruis*, or parting glass of real peat-smoked whiskey, left Col. Cavanagh, the commander, well known in the war as "the little major" of the Irish Brigade, cooling his heels in the blinding snow in front of the New York Hotel. This visit of somewhat cantankerous personage has not turned out much of a success. He got into a wrangle with the New York *Herald*, and got the worst of it. His friends have had to apologize for him, and to be put on the defense at the beginning of what was intended to be an aggressive campaign was unfortunate for his objects. He has been disappointed, and a source of disappointment to others.

The ingenious small boy who expends his time in removing the cancellation marks from used postage stamps has been found to be a sufficiently expensive nuisance to Uncle Sam to render it desirable in the interest of the revenue to frustrate his knavish tricks in some way or other. No kind of ink could elude the chemical researches of the scientific culprits, and perforations were objected to as liable to injure the enclosed manuscript. A thin steel stamp has now been devised, which is rapidly heated by gas and scorches a design lightly into the stamp to be cancelled, and the plan seems very effectual.

A cremated Hebrew formed one of the latest sensations. It seems the conservative Israelites have not been accustomed to burn the bodies of their dead for several years, if ever, and the yielding to the latest fashion of funeral finishing up this mortal coil is regarded as a matter of great importance. It appears a prominent purveyor of chromos, who got burnt out a few months ago, after notifying the world of an intended change of location, had his attention directed to the desirability of having his own remains as comfortably disposed of as the late more or less unsalable remains of his stock, especially when fully insured, and exacted a promise from his son-in-law, a doctor of some repute, to have him cremated when he died. The physician cheerfully agreed, and asked the same favor in return. The one man was old, the other was young, both in excellent health, but the junior was the first to become eligible for the carrying out of the agreement. Dr. Adler, the ethic culturist, performed the final services, and accompanied the corpse to the cooking. It was nicely baked in an alum sheet, and the ashes gathered in just one hour, at a cost of $45.

Bearing a banner with the strange device, "Blood and Fire!" a brigade of the "Salvation Army" of Great Britain has arrived in order to evangelize our wicked people. There is a "general," who is a man, a "sister captain," and six "sister lieutenants," clad in a blue uniform, turned up with red, and armed with hymn-books, melodious voices, an absence of bashfulness, and much perseverance. The storm that awaited them has not been favorable to their open-air exortations; but as the early spring clothes our trees with fluttering leaves, we may expect to find our highways and byways occupied by the out-pickets of these soldiers of the Lord.

The man to cure the pestilential air of the Tombs (our famous City Prison) has been found, and his remedy is very simple and cheap. Built on the lowest site in New York (on piles), where once stagnated the "Collect Pond"—the Egyptian shroud of gloom and crime—was the haunt of disease, and prisoners have been released when near the point of death, out of pity, under the conviction that they could do no more harm. Mr. Dunn, the City Architect, happened to become acquainted with the ventilating trap made by Stewart & Co., which is nothing more or less than the ordinary running trap, with a central ventilating pipe, forming a double water-seal, through the hydraulic arrangement of which a five-million horse power steam engine could not inject an ounce of sewer gas. This was six months ago. The Tombs is now officially declared to be the healthiest prison in the world. The cost of the trap is somewhere about $5.00.

Our Quaker suburb, Philadelphia, is a little too far for any of its news (when there is any in that quiet spot) to be incorporated in my letters. However, as one of the young and favorite lady performers of the New York circus has thought fit to add to the population in Philadelphia, the occurrence is worthy of my chronicling it. The infant is a charming mouse color, nearly four feet long, and apparently always hungry. The mother who is quite young and pretty, according to some tastes, was so over-excited at the happy arrival of the well-developed stranger, that she tossed it about like a rubber ball and broke a stove with it in her apartment. The medical men fear that her excitement may cause a deficiency in lactation, and several enterprising feeding bottle manufacturers have been generously offering free samples of their wares. Scientific persons have been quite excited over the period of gestation and other remarkable incidents, and the circus people are delighted and think the thing the biggest kind of an advertisement. The stranger is a female, and numerous distinguished ladies are anxious to officiate as god-mothers. It is understood that Queen Victoria has been telegraphed to and will be given the refusal of the honor. It is stated to be an undoubted fact that no such baby was ever born before. By the way, it strikes me that I forgot to mention that it is an elephant, and that none ever bred in confinement before, according to the Hindoos, who ought to know.

There is a tradition that at the famous aristocratic school of Eton, England, the boys once roasted an obnoxious schoolfellow to such an extent that he died. Now, an engineer of a steamship sailing from this port is accused of treating his fireman in precisely the same manner. It is alleged that he lifted the man, who offended him by failing sick when he wanted him to work, in front of the furnace, opening the doors and letting him get the full benefit. The victim declares his whiskers were singed off, he was rendered insensible and brought to in a well crackled condition by sundry buckets of salt water. Painful, if true, no doubt.

A peculiar phase of renewed business activity, coupled perhaps with the rampant Kearnyism on the Pacific slope, is the influx of Californians, magnates and smaller fry. A prominent San Francisco lawyer, who is now here after an absence of sixteen years, told me the other day that he met more representative Californians in Broadway than in California street, San Francisco. There is a great mining activity, promising to be largely developed, and there are predictions enough of an enormous speculative business in the near future. RADIX.

Didn't Know Where to Cut it Off.

A heated revival has been going on for several weeks in one of the Cleveland churches, and gratifying results are being daily attained. Some nights since an old gentleman, known far and wide as an inveterate swearer, came forward to the altar at the close of the meeting and openly confessed his sins. All were overjoyed to see one so hardened touched by the appeals that had been made, and the new convert was cordially received. The old man seemed truly repentant, and became at once one of the most earnest members. He attended the services regularly and at last was asked to offer prayer. He did so, and to the surprise of everybody prayed for nearly twenty minutes. It was manifestly tedious to the congregation, being so lengthy, and when the meeting came to a close the pastor, while congratulating him on his success, quietly suggested that he must learn to be more brief. "A short prayer," said he "finds as hasty a response as one that is long, and besides it don't tire the others." "Well, that's true, I suppose," answered the old fellow, "but, you see, parson, when I got started I didn't know where to cut the blamed thing off."

Democratic State conventions have been called as follows: Iowa, April 7; Texas, April, 20; Ohio, May 6; Kansas, May 26; Illinois, May 29; Alabama, June 2; Tennessee, June 8; Indiana, June 9; Kentucky, June 17. Republican conventions have been held in Pennsylvania, New York and Vermont, and district delegates chosen in Indiana. Conventions have been called as follows: Rhode Island, March 18; Missouri, April 14; Michigan, May 12, and Illinois, May 19.—*Commercial.*

"O sir!" said a woman, pleading for her husband, who was before the police judge for beating her with a poker, "he wan't always that way. There was a happy time when he only struck me with his fist."

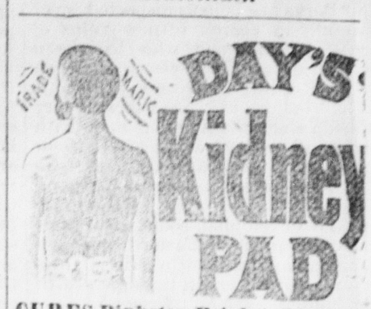
Mrs. Partington, in an illustration of the proverb, "A soft answer turneth away wrath," says, "It is better to speak paregorically of a person than to be all the time flinging epitaphs at him."

During 1879 more railroad accidents occurred in the transportation of coal than any other kind of freight.

A Baltimore couple have had nineteen children in eighteen years.

Pork packing ranks as the third American industry.

Medicinal..



CURES Diabetes, Bright's Disease, Catarrh of the Bladder, Dropsy, Gravel, Painful Urinating, High Colored Urine, Inability to Retain or Expel the Urine, PAIN IN THE BACK, Nervous Debility, Female Weakness, and all diseases of the KIDNEYS, BLADDER, and URINARY ORGANS, when Nothing else can.

LOOK OUT for imitations. Ask for, and take only the DAY PAD. For sale by Druggists, or sent by mail free on receipt of price, $2.00. Certificates of cures and our book "How a Life was Saved," sent on receipt of your address to

12-5 ly F. POTTS GREEN, Wholesale Agt. for Centre Co.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE First National Bank of Bellefonte, at Bellefonte, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business Feb. 21, 1880

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$273,060.02
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000.00
Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	18,495.00
Due from approved reserve agents	29,836.81
" " other National Banks	2,458.58
" " State Banks and Bankers	604.46
Real Estate, Furniture and Fixtures	27,289.01
Current Expenses and Taxes paid	1,284.62
Checks and other cash items	3,497.02
Bills of other Banks	994.00
Fractional currency (including nickels)	285.45
Specie	13,460.00
Legal-tender notes	20,835.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	3,900.00
Total	$496,000.03

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$100,000.00
Surplus fund	35,000.00
Undivided profits	4,402.45
National Bank notes outstanding	90,000.00
Individual deposits subject to check	106,192.10
Time certificates of deposits	142,588.72
Due to other National Banks	16,373.23
Due to State Banks and Bankers	1,441.53
Total	$496,000.03

State of Pennsylvania, COUNTY OF CENTRE. [S. S.]

I, John P. Harris, Cashier of the above named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. JOHN P. HARRIS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of March, 1880.

ROLAND C. CHEESMAN, Notary Public.

Correct—attest,

E. C. HUMES, JAS. A. BEAVER, ADAM HOY, } Directors.

5,000 GOLD For a case of COUGH, COLD or Asthma that ADAMSON'S BOTANIC BALSAM will not cure. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers at 35c. and 75c. Sample Bottles, 10c. Beware that the name of F. W. KINGSMAN is blown in the glass of the bottle. Trade supplied by GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., Boston, Mass. 12-9 4t

Cigars and Tobacco.

A. J. CRUSE,

CIGARS!

A LARGE STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND OF

MY OWN MAKE.

Dealers will find it to their advantage to examine my stock

Before Ordering Elsewhere.

CHEWING & SMOKING

TOBACCOS,

PIPES, &c.

A. J. CRUSE,

49-3m Bush House Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

GOODS CHEAP.—The undersigned, desiring to run their stock down, to make room for SPRING GOODS, will sell, during the month of March, at reduced rates. We call special attention to our MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING, which will be sold very low. Also agents for Syracuse plow. A. J. & T. E. GRIEST, 10-3t Unionville, Pa.

ORGANS 13 Stops, 3 Set Reeds, 2 Knee Swells, Stool Book, only $98. PIANOS, Stool, Cover and Book, $210 to $1600. Illustrated Catalogue free. Address, DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J. 10-4t

AGENTS WANTED for the Best and Fastest-selling Pictorial Books and Bibles. Price reduced 33 per cent. National Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa. 10-4t

$20 to $25 per ton Saved

In your Fertilizers by using "POWELL'S PREPARED CHEMICALS." Why pay $35 to $45 for poor fertilizers, when $18 to $15 will buy you "Powell's Prepared Chemicals" to make a ton of Corn, Oats, Potato or Tobacco Ferilizer, equal to the best high-priced Phosphate in the Market. Send for "Powell's Book of Formulas," with directions for mixing, nearly 500 names of Pennsylvania farmers using them the past season, testimonials, &c.

EDW'D J. EVANS & CO., 10-5t General Agents, York, Pa.

OUR EUROPEAN LETTER.

MARDI-GRAS—DECAY OF A TIME-HONORED CUSTOM — A MATRIMONIAL SCANDAL—THE FRUIT CROP.

From our regular Correspondent.

PARIS, France, March 5.

Paris has been enjoying its Mardi-gras and carnival, and will enjoy its Mi-Careme when it comes later. But the glory of the carnival season is rapidly fading away in France, as it is in Italy. A slight observance is still manifest, and will be, doubtless for a few years to come. It would be a pity, however, to be obliged to witness the death of so-time-honored and pleasant a custom. It may become tiresome to Europeans, but it is always amusing to Americans, even in the almost insignificant way in which it is now kept. True, it is given up almost entirely to washerwomen and butchers, boys and girls, but they manage to draw some enjoyment from it and to give a little amusement to lookers on. The circuses and hippodromes are now obliged to assist the meagre processions on the boulevards in order to rescue the day from oblivion, and, it must be admitted they do their share of the work in a very creditable manner. The nymph in tights and gaudy colors who has mounted the very summit of the triumphal car may be, and very likely is the freckled-face girl who brings your washing, but she is a nymph now for all that, and up so high is just as much an ethereal being perhaps as if she lived in sumptuous apartments on one of the fashionable boulevards. It was proposed last year by *Le Figaro* that we should have a genuine carnival this year, with the principal operatic and literary lights of the capital as actors, but the individuals thus called upon evidently regarded it indifferently, as none of them appeared. It is carnival all the same for the Frascuti, Valentine, Elysee, Monmartne, Vauxhall and Tivola, for the maskers throng there in such numbers that dancing is impossible, and the casual visitor who would step in to see what is going on would do well to observe the ingoing and outcoming lines of people before depositing his two, three or five francs with the doorkeeper, for he will see nothing more indoors than he can see on the street. But if he will wait until midnight then he will be repaid for his trouble.

A matrimonial suit, the progress of which will be watched with interest in certain Parisian circles, has been commenced in the civil court. Madame Blanco Eucalade, the plaintiff, is a member of an influential Russian family, her brother being Prince Fronhetzkoi, and she sues for a judicial separation from her husband, Mr. Blanco Eucalade, son of the Chilian admiral of that name and ex-President of the Republic. Madame Eucalade was previously married to Mr. Oustinoff, First Secretary of the Russian Embassy at Rome, and after his death settled in Paris, where she became acquainted with Mr. Eucalade, to whom she has been married fifteen years. She possessed a revenue of 60,000 francs —Mr. Eucalade's fortune existed only in expectations. This, however, was not a drawback, for the lady declared that she only wanted "love," and was quite satisfied with Mr. Eucalade's promise that after the wedding he would seek employment in Chili. It was agreed that they both should leave Paris for that country, but in support of the plaintiff's case it was contended that almost immediately after the nuptials Mr. Eucalade packed up the bulk of his wife's movable property without consulting her, and proceeded to Chili alone, taking the valuables with him. After having sold a portion of them he returned, and from that period is dated a series of grievances brought forward in support of Madame Eucalade's case.

Reports from the agricultural districts bring serious accounts of the condition of fruit trees in consequence of the recent frost. The farmers in the Valley of the Oise are in great consternation at the number of apple and pear trees apparently killen by the rigorous season, the bark on the inside being perfectly black. Rosebushes, magnolias, and the more delicate classes of laurels have been greatly disfigured, and even the stems of old cedars show signs of the general blast. In the Aube the same indications are apparent, but it is believed that the evil will not be serious unless the thermometer again falls 25 to 28 degrees below freezing point. LOUIS.

Under the call of the Standing Committee the Republicans of Cumberland on Saturday voted on the following resolution:

Resolved, That the choice of Cumberland county for president of the United States is James G. Blaine, and that the delegates from this district to the National Convention are instructed and required to cast the vote of this district for James G. Blaine as he is a candidate before the convention.

The returns show that the vote for the resolution was practically unanimous. The Republicans of Cumberland with one voice declare that their presidential choice is Mr. Blaine, and instructed their delegates to vote for him. The Republicans of York and Adams are moving in the same direction. Such an expression cannot safely be disregarded. The delegates are chosen to represent the district is unmistakable.—*Press.*

An Oregon man six feet tall married a woman only three feet in height. That is, she was just half of him, and, of course, his better half.

Stanley has begun the ascent of the Congo, well armed and equipped with all kinds of provisions and boats.

Lumber.

P.B. CRIDER & SON,

MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS IN

LUMBER

ALL KINDS OF

Building Material.

MILLS AT SNOW SHOE. YARD AT BELLEFONTE

10-16 1y

Planing Mill.

Henry W. Foutz,

(Successor to McClellan & Speer)

PROPRIETOR OF

BELLEFONTE

PLANING MILL

MANUFACTURERS OF

Sash

Doors,

Sidings,

Floorings,

Mouldings,

Scroll Work,

Stairs

Building Material,

Cottage Bedsteads,

Frame Work, and all styles of work generally found in a first-class planing mill.

HENRY W. FOUTZ,

10 23 6m Bellefonte, Pa.

$66 A WEEK in your own town, and no capital risked. You can give the business a trial without expense. The best opportunity ever offered for those willing to work. You should try nothing else until you see for yourself what you can do at the business we offer. No room to explain here. You can devote all your time or only your spare time to the business, and make great pay for every hour that you work. Women make a much as men. Send for special private terms and particulars, which we mail free. $5 outfit free. Don't complain of hard times while you have such a chance. Address, H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine. 11-24-1y

Drugs and Medicines.

ESTABLISHED. 1853. ESTABLISHED 1853.

F. P. GREEN,

DRUGGIST,

Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family recipes. 6 1 1y

BEST IN THE WORLD!

ARM AND HAMMER BRAND.

CHURCH & CO'S BI-CARB. SODA.

ABSOLUTELY AND CHEMICALLY PURE.

AND

SALERATUS

Which is the same thing.

Impure Saleratus or Bi-Carb Soda (which is the same thing) is of a slightly dirty white color. It may appear white, examined by itself, but a COMPARISON WITH CHURCH & CO'S "ARM AND HAMMER" BRAND will show the difference.

See that your Saleratus and Baking Soda is white and PURE, as should be ALL SIMILAR SUBSTANCES used for food.

A simple but severe test of the comparative value of different brands of Soda or Saleratus is to dissolve a dessert spoonful of each kind with about a pint of water (hot preferred) in clear glasses, stirring until all is thoroughly dissolved The deleterious insoluble matter in the inferior Soda will be shown after settling some twenty minutes or sooner, by the milky appearance of the solution and the quantity of floating flocky matter according to quality.

Be sure and ask for Church & Co.'s Soda and Saleratus and see that their name is on the package and you will get the purest and whitest made. The use of this with sour milk, in preference to Baking Powder, saves twenty times its cost.

Use one pound package for valuable information and read carefully.

SHOW THIS TO YOUR GROCER.

Miscellaneous.

BOOKS FOR THE MILLION

WOMAN AND MARRIAGE

A large, new and complete Guide to Wedlock, containing, with many others, the following chapters: A competent Womanhood, Selection of Wife, Evidences of Virginity, Temperaments, Compatible and Incompatible, Sterility in women, cause and treatment, Advice to Bridegroom, Advice to Husbands, Advice to Wives, Prostitution, its causes, Celibacy and Matrimony compared, Conjugal duties, Conception, Confinement, Love and Courtship, Impediments to Marriage, in male and female, Science of Reproduction, Single life consider'd, Law of Marriage, Law of Divorce, Legal rights of married women, etc., including Diseases peculiar to Women, their cause and treatment. A book for private and considerate reading, of 320 pages, with full Plate Engravings, by mail, sealed, for 50 cents.

"The Private Medical Adviser" on Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Varicocele, etc., also on Spermatorrhœa, Sexual Debility, from Self-abuse and Excesses, causing Nervousness, Aversion to Society, Confusion of Ideas, Physical decay, Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Loss of Sexual Power, etc., making marriage improper or unhappy, giving treatment, and a great many valuable receipts for the cure of all private diseases; same size, over 50 plates, 50 cents.

"Medical Advice," a lecture on Manhood and Womanhood, 10 cents; or all three in one nicely bound volume, $1. They contain 600 pages and over 100 Illustrations, embracing everything on the generative system that is worth knowing, and much that is not published in any other work. The combined volume is positively the best Popular Medical Book published, and those dissatisfied after getting it, can have their money refunded. The Author is an experienced physician of many years' practice, (as is well known,) and the advice given, and Rules for treatment laid down, will be found of great value to those suffering from impurities of the system, early errors, lost vigor, or any of the numerous troubles coming under the head of "Private" or "Chronic" Diseases. Sent in single volumes, or complete in one, for Price in Stamps, Silver or Currency. (Consultation confidential, and letters are promptly and frankly answered without charge.) Address Dr. Butts' Dispensary, 12 North 6th Street, St. Louis, Mo. (Established, 1847.)

For Sale by Newsdealers. AGENTS Wanted.

DR. BUTTS invites all persons suffering from RUPTURE to send him their name and address, and hereby assures them that they will learn something to their advantage — It is Not a Truss.

PROF. HARRIS' RADICAL CURE FOR SPERMATORRHŒA.

—THE—

"SEMINAL PASTILLE."

SHAPE & SIZE OF A SEMINAL PASTILLE

A Valuable Discovery and New Departure in Medical Science, an entirely New and positively effective Remedy for the speedy and permanent Cure of Seminal Emissions and Impotency by the only true way, viz: Direct Application to the principal Seat of the Disease, acting by Absorption, and exerting its specific influence on the Seminal Vesicles, Ejaculatory Ducts, Prostate Gland and Urethra. The use of the Remedy is attended with no pain or inconvenience, it is quickly dissolved and soon absorbed, producing an immediate soothing and restorative effect upon the sexual and nervous organization wrecked from self-abuse and excesses, stopping the drain from the system, restoring the mind to health and sound memory, removing the Dimness of Sight, Nervous Debility, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion to Society, etc. etc., and the appearance of premature old age usually accompanying this trouble, and restoring perfect Sexual Vigor, where it has been dormant for years. This mode of treatment has stood the test in every case used, and is now a pronounced success. Drugs are too much prescribed in these troubles, and, as many can bear witness to, with but little, if any permanent good. There is no nonsense about this preparation. Practical observation enables us to positively guarantee that it will give satisfaction.—During the eight years that it has been in general use, we have thousands of testimonials as to its value, and it is now conceded by the Medical Profession to be the most rational means yet discovered, of reaching and curing this very prevalent trouble, that is well known to be the cause of untold misery to so many, and upon which quacks prey with their useless nostrums and big fees. The Remedy is put up in a neat box, enough to last a month, and sent by a plain wrapper by mail, sealed, for $3.—Two boxes (sufficient to effect a permanent cure in severe cases), $5—Three boxes lasting three full months, (will stop emissions and restore vigor, in the worst cases,) $7—Full DIRECTIONS for using will accompany EACH BOX.

Send for a Descriptive Pamphlet giving Anatomical Illustrations, which will convince the most sceptical that they can be restored to perfect manhood, and fitted for the duties of life, same as if never affected. Sent Sealed for stamp to any one. Sold ONLY by the

HARRIS REMEDY CO. MFG CHEMISTS, Market and 9th St. ST. LOUIS, MO.

DR. A. G. OLIN'S

PILOMA

WANTED

MARRIAGE GUIDE

A new work, price 50 cents by mail. Medical Common Sense and Private Counselor in all matters pertaining to MARRIAGE, or the Production, Prevention and Regulation of Offspring. Physiology of Marriage, Love, Courtship, Duties of Husband and Wife, Impediments to Marriage, Diseases of Women, Abortion, Sterility, Continence, Manhood, Nervousness, Impotency, Diseases of Men, Secret Habits, Excesses, Abuses, Infirmities, Diseases of Generative Organs, Hygiene, Medical Treatment, Prescriptions, Boarding Houses, Hotels, Nursing, Children, Mothers, Midwifery, Pregnancy, Labor, Nursing, Miscarriage, Menstruation, Change of Life, Female Complaints, Hysteria, Fits, Pains, Aches, Weaknesses, Consumption, Dyspepsia, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaints, Dropsy, Piles, Fistula, Cancer, Tumors, Ulcers, Eruptions, Blood Diseases, Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Impure Blood, Worms, Tapeworm, Baldness, Decay, Emaciation, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Spasms, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Insanity, Suicide, Quacks, Quackery, Medicines, Doses, Directions, Rules, Tables, Remedies, Cures, Prices, Terms, Druggists, Agents, Canvassers, Physicians, Clergymen, Lawyers, Nurses, Mothers, Fathers, Children, Friends, Neighbors, Everybody, Anybody, Somebody, Nobody, Everything, Anything, Something, Nothing, Etc. Etc. Etc. Address Dr. A. G. OLIN, 129 N. 6th St., St. Louis, Mo.

10-9-1y

$300 A MONTH guaranteed. $12 a day at home made by the industrious. Capital not required; we will start you. Men, women, boys and girls make money faster at work for us than at anything else. The work is light and pleasant, and such as anyone can go right at. Those who are wise who see this notice will send us their addresses at once and see for themselves. Costly outfit and terms free. Now is the time. Those already at work are laying up large sums of money. Address, TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. 1-24-1y

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

FOR RESTORING GRAY HAIR TO ITS NATURAL VITALITY AND COLOR.

It is a most agreeable dressing, which is at once harmless and effectual, for preserving the hair. It restores, with the gloss and freshness of youth, faded or gray, light, and red hair, to a rich brown, or deep black, as may be desired. By its use thin hair is thickened, and baldness often though not always cured. It checks falling of the hair immediately, and causes a new growth in all cases where the glands are not decayed; while to brashy, weak, or otherwise diseased hair, it imparts vitality and strength, and renders it pliable.

The VIGOR cleanses the scalp, cures and prevents the formation of dandruff; and, by its cooling, stimulating, and soothing properties, it heals most if not all of the humors and diseases peculiar to the scalp, keeping it cool, clean, and soft, under which conditions diseases of the scalp and hair are impossible.

As a Dressing for Ladies' Hair, The VIGOR is incomparable. It is colorless, contains neither oil nor dye, and will not soil white cambric. It imparts an agreeable and lasting perfume, and as an article for the toilet it is economical and unsurpassed in its excellence.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Medical.

WARNER'S SAFE REMEDIES

Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.

(*Formerly Dr. Warner's Kidney Cure.*)

A vegetable preparation and the **only sure remedy** in the world for **Bright's Disease, Diabetes, and ALL Kidney, Liver, and Urinary Diseases.**

Testimonials of the highest order in proof of these statements.

For the cure of **Diabetes**, call for **Warner's Safe Diabetes Cure.**

For the cure of **Bright's** and the other diseases, call for **Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.**

WARNER'S SAFE BITTERS.

It is the best **Blood Purifier**, and stimulates every function to more healthful action, and is thus a benefit in all diseases.

It cures **Scrofulous** and other **Skin Eruptions** and Diseases, including **Cancers, Ulcers,** and other **Sores.**

Dyspepsia, Weakness of the Stomach, Constipation, Dizziness, General Debility, etc., are cured by the **Safe Bitters.** It is unequaled as an appetizer and regular tonic.

Bottles of two sizes; prices, **50c.** and **$1.00.**

WARNER'S SAFE NERVINE

Quickly gives **Rest** and **Sleep** to the suffering, cures **Headache** and **Neuralgia**, prevents **Epileptic Fits**, and relieves **Nervous Prostration** brought on by excessive drink, overwork, mental shocks, and other causes.

Powerful as it is to stop pain and soothe disturbed Nerves, it never injures the system, whether taken in small or large doses.

Bottles of two sizes; prices, **50c.** and **$1.00.**

WARNER'S SAFE PILLS

Are an immediate and active stimulus for a Torpid Liver, and cure Costiveness, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Diarrhœa, Malaria, Fever and Ague, and should be used whenever the bowels do not operate freely and regularly. No other Pills require such small doses for thorough work. Price 25 cts. a box. Warner's Safe Remedies are sold by Druggists & Dealers in Medicine everywhere.

H. H. Warner & Co., Proprietors, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Send for Pamphlet and Testimonials.

OLD AND RELIABLE.

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR is a Standard Family Remedy for diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.—It is Purely Vegetable.—It never Debilitates—It is Cathartic and Tonic.

TRY IT

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

To Have Good Health, the Liver must be kept in order, its healthy action causes Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Bowel Complaints, Headache, Seasickness, and other Disorders. The Liver is the seat of many diseases. The Liver Invigorator protects the system from Miasmatic Influences. It Purifies the Blood, Regulates the Bowels, Assists Digestion, and Strengthens the System.

The Liver Invigorator has been used in my practice and by the public, for more than 35 years, with unprecedented results.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

S. T. W. SANFORD, M.D., 162 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY

ANY DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU ITS REPUTATION.

Hardware, &c.

HARDWARE!

JAMES HARRIS & CO.,

ARE SELLING VERY LOW

REAPER SECTIONS AND REPAIRS,

And all kinds of Farming Tools.

RAKES FORKS SCYTHES CRADLES, SPROUT'S HAY FORKS,

ROPE BLOCKS, ETC., ETC.,

As well as all kinds of HARDWARE. to meet all demands in this line. 25

J. H. MORRISON,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Representing a number of the Best and Safest companies. Horses insured against Theft, death, or accident.

Office in the Conrad House with DAVID W. FORTNEY, Esq. v9n1

J. E. Caldwell & Co., Jewelers.

J. E. CALDWEL & CO.,

Diamonds and Rich Jewelry.

Silverware for Wedding Gifts.

BEST QUALITY PLATED WARE.

DECORATIVE CHINA ORNAMENTS

CLOCKS & BRONZES.

WALTHAM WATCHES.

Gold, Silver, Bronze, Porcelain, Faience, etc., in the Arts.

43-4m 902 Chestnut St., Phila.

THE LEADING AND POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE OF PHILADELPHIA.

SHOPPING

With us through our SAMPLE AND MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT is simple, easy and advantageous. Anyone writing to us for Samples, mentioning the kind of goods needed, will receive, by return mail, the desired samples and information. Goods sent

BY MAIL OR EXPRESS.

Through this means ladies everywhere throughout the United States avail themselves of a very convenient plan of receiving Dress Goods, Trimmings, and a General Outfit from the head-centres of trade, where they can at all times obtain the best goods, newest and latest styles to be had for the least money.

HOMER, CALLADAY & CO.

Manufacturers, Retailers, and Importers of Choice Novelties in Dress Goods, Silks, Trimmings, etc.,

CHESTNUT, ABOVE BROAD STREET.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.,

(ESTABLISHED 1842.)

And 1 Rue Richer, Paris, France.

Have the children send for a set of our Fancy Advertising Cards. 68

12-3 All Samples and Information 131.

FREE TO ALL PARTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

SEND FOR SAMPLES OF NEW NOVELTIES. SEND FOR SAMPLES AND INFORMATION.

Insurance.

INSURANCE.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.

INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY

FIRE AND LIGHTNING.

9 9-1y. GEORGE L. POTTER,

(Furst's Building.) High-street, Bellefonte

Dress Making.

PLAIN, FANCY SEWING

—AND—

LACE WORK.

MRS. JANE HALEY, opposite the Cemetery, takes this method to solicit from the people of Bellefonte work.

Can do

PLAIN & FANCY SEWING

OR LACE WORK.

Any person having such work to do can have it done well by Mrs. Haley, and at the same time help a worthy, poor woman. 3-1f

AGENTS READ THIS

We want an agent in this county to whom we will pay a salary of $100 per month and expenses to sell our wonderful invention. **Sample free.** Address at once SHERMAN & CO., Marshall, Michigan. 2v4

KIDNEY-WORT

THE ONLY MEDICINE

That Acts at the Same Time on

THE LIVER, THE BOWELS, and the KIDNEYS.

These great organs are the natural cleansers of the system. If they work well, health will be perfect: if they become clogged, dreadful diseases are sure to follow with

TERRIBLE SUFFERING.

Biliousness, Headache, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Constipation and Piles, or Kidney Complaints, Gravel, Diabetes, Sediment in the Urine, Milky or Ropy Urine; or Rheumatic Pains and Aches,

are developed because the blood is poisoned with the humors that should have been expelled naturally.

KIDNEY-WORT

will restore the healthy action and all these destroying evils will be banished; neglect them and you will live but to suffer.

Thousands have been cured. Try it and you will add one more to the number. Take it and health will once more gladden your heart.

Why suffer longer from the torment of an aching back?

Why bear such distress from Constipation and Piles?

Why be so fearful because of disordered urine?

KIDNEY-WORT will cure you. Try a package at once and be satisfied.

It is a dry vegetable compound and

One Package makes six quarts of Medicine.

Your Druggist has it, or will get it for you. Insist upon having it. Do not delay.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Proprietors, Burlington, Vt.

Hotels

CENTRE COUNTY FARMERS HOME.

THE BUSH HOUSE.

Prices to Suit the Times.

Improved Stabling and Careful Hostlers. Low Special Rates for Jurymen and Witnesses. Cleanliness, Comfort and Table unexcelled.

NO DISCRIMINATION

against the Producers, than whom none are more worthy, or more entitled to attention. The Bush House having over three times the capacity of other hotels, there is no occasion or disposition to place the guests in attic rooms. This accounts for its growing Local Trade. We do not trust your horses to the care and profit of parties disconnected with the house.

J. H. MYERS, Proprietor.

12-4 1f.

COLUMBIA HOUSE,

Nos. 111 and 113 N. 4th Broad Street (above Arch

PHILAD'A.

Opposite Academy of Fine Arts; three squares from Academy of Music; one square from Public Buildings and Masonic Temple.

18-1y JOEL HUTTON, Proprietor

Valuable Farm For Sale

— IN —

UNION TOWNSHIP,

Within Four Miles of Unionville Station, on the Bald Eagle Valley Railroad, a Good High way from the Farm to the Station, containing

EIGHTY ACRES

— OF —

Red Shale Land,

Sixty Acres under a Good State of Cultivation, and balance Timbered. It is one of the

Best Fruit Farms

to be found in this part of the country, and has a large number of FINE APPLE and PEACH TREES in bearing condition. There is a

NEVER FAILING SPRING

on the farm, the water of which is brought to the house and barn. There is on the farm a

Good Two-Story House,

newly plastered, containing Nine Rooms; a GOOD BARN, ICE HOUSE, WOOD HOUSE, and other necessary outbuildings.

PRICE: $2500,

$1,000 Cash in hand, and the balance in payments to suit purchaser. Enquire of

WILLIAM D. SMITH,

12-3 3m. Fleming, Centre Co., Pa.

Everybody Make Money!

Watches, Novelties, Jewelry, Oddities, Notions, &c.

Now is the time to push your business or start anew. Our goods are of the very latest styles, purchased mostly at Auction or private Bankrupt Sales, except those we manufacture, warranted as represented. Send for catalogue, prices named, and order your goods. Address, New York Auction Co., 21 Park Row, New York 12-9-6m

A GREAT SUCCESS! 4000 sold!! HEADLEY'S *wonderfully popular work, the* Life and Travels of GEN. GRANT is pronounced by the General's **intimate friends** the **best low-priced** work—hence the **splendid success** of Agents &c. A MILLION people want HEADLEY'S book to-day. We need 3000 MORE AGENTS AT ONCE! BEWARE OF imitations. We send *proof* of superiority, *sample leaves, steel portrait* of Grant, and *full* particulars **free** to all desiring them. Address, HUBBARD BROS., Pubs., 723 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa. 12-9 4t

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

Local Department.

—Valentines will buy wheat at their store.

—Glass ball shooting still rages in this vicinity.

—Last Thursday's "big snow" didn't amount to much.

—Valentines are selling mackerel at a dollar a kit.

—The spring chicken will soon put in an appearance.

—Take you bacon, butter, eggs and lard to Valentines' store.

—Goldsmith, Stein & Hexter's is the place to go to for a nobby suit.

—Mr. Minerva Gift will instruct the Centre Hallers in instrumental music.

—Have you seen those beautiful split bamboo fly rods at Deschner's?

—The Blairsville *Independent* has suspended for want of sufficient support.

—Sechler & Co. keep the genuine article in confectionery—pure and fresh.

—Plow-shares and plow repairs exchanged for scrap iron at James Harris & Co.'s.

—If you want a real nobby hat or suit of clothes, go to Goldsmith, Stein & Hexter's.

—Good fits in men's and boy's clothing guaranteed by Goldsmith, Stein & Hexter.

—A large and complete stock of cigars, cigarettes, etc., just received by Harry Green.

—Choice brands of cigars and tobacco at Sechler & Co.'s. Lovers of the weed, remember this.

—Somerset county farmers have caught the Western fever and are emigrating in large numbers.

—It will soon be time to make the annual back-yard inspection and hunt up a hole for the ash-heap.

—Don't forget the fact that Harry Green sells the finest cigar to be found in this neck-o'-woods.

—James Harris & Co. have repairs for both the Centre Hall and Hublersburg plows at the lowest prices.

—Miss Lizzie Swartz, of this place, has been absent a few weeks visiting friends in Aaronsburg and Millheim.

—A mutual life insurance company has been organized in Lock Haven, an institution long needed in that city.

—Manager Kingsley, of the Singer Sewing Machine agency, has got the solution to the "15" game—in his mind.

—Rev. Delong, of the Reformed church, preached two interesting sermons in the Presbyterian church on Sunday.

—Professor Doneckler, veterinary surgeon, of Philadelphia, is lecturing in Centre Hall on the "Horse and his Diseases."

—Mr. Beck, the barber under the First National Bank, has given the interior of his establishment a coat of fresh paint.

—Mr. Samuel Luse, of Brush Valley, has been awarded the contract for building the new Reformed church at Madisonburg.

—If butter continues scarce we shall have to import a cargo of the new-fangled article, oleomargarine, or "strained tallow."

—Jurors who have been called for third week of court are notified by the sheriff not to come, as that term has been adjourned.

—Eleven persons were taken into the Baptist church at Julian Sunday before last by baptism in the waters of the rushing Bald Eagle.

—Mr. John Turner, of Julian, paid his respects to the REPUBLICAN office last week. He reports matters unusually dull about that place.

—Out of the two thousand miners who struck at the Houtzdale mines it is reported that five hundred have resumed work at the old wages.

—The editor of the Blair County *Radical* spells wheat with two e's. Probably got mixed up with "rye." It often effects people that way.

—The First National Bank, of Mifflinburg, will suspend operation. President Young expects to engage in the banking business in Reading.

—If our weather prognosticators can give us an earthquake and a couple of hurricanes this month March will sail out with colors flying.

—Harrisburg parties, it is reported, are about to establish a large tannery at Lock Haven. Tyrone better look a "leed'e oud" or the lumber town will outboom her.

Pass Him Along.

On Saturday evening, the 13th instant, a man called at the house of Mr. Dode Harper, in Marion township, and asked permission to stop there over night, saying that he was a stranger in that locality. The man claims to be deaf and dumb, and carries a slate and pencil with him with which he carries on a conversation. Mr. Harper being a kindly-disposed person, took pity on him and gave him food and shelter. The next morning, shortly after the stranger's departure, he discovered that the ungrateful rascal had repaid him for his hospitality by carrying off a pair of new overshoes and also a razor, and probably some other articles which he has not yet missed. One day last week Mr. Harper, while driving in the lower part of the valley, was informed that a farmer named Burrill, living a short distance east of Salona, had also been victimized by this same man. The farmer gave him lodging, and during the night a bureau drawer was pried open and the contents of a tin can, amounting to $4.50 in money, confiscated. The empty can was afterwards found concealed beneath the carpet. The man is evidently a professional "sponger" and burglar, and very likely he employs the deaf and dumb dodge for the sake of winning sympathy. He informed Mr. Harper that his home was in Big Valley, and gave his name as J. W. Hall. He gave a different name to Burrill, the Salona farmer, however, which makes it pretty certain that he is traveling under assumed names. He also informed Mr. Harper that he was a printer by trade; that he had set type in the McVeytown *Journal* office, and was well acquainted with the editor. He is described as being about thirty-five years old, and has a red moustache but no whiskers. He wears a heavy scarf around his neck, and goes without an overcoat. Let our farmer friends and others throughout the county be on the lookout for him.

—The stirring drama, "The Arkansas Traveler," with the celebrated comedian, Mr. Frank S. Chanfrau as "Kit," drew a fine audience at the Opera House on Tuesday evening of last week, as everybody expected. Mr. Chanfrau was ably supported by some of the best threatrical talent in the country, and the play, which was made all the more effective by new scenery which the company carry with them, was strongly and attractively presented. Mr. Chanfrau was a favorite with the audience from the time the curtain rose to the end of the play, and the comical acting of the "two beats" made it almost impossible for any one to keep a sober face for any length of time. In brief, the drama was as well and forcibly produced as it possibly could be from the stage in the Opera House.

—We learn that Doctor J. C. Thompson, who graduated with honors at the Jefferson Medical College, is being urged by many of the best citizens of Benner township and neighborhood to locate among them and practice his profession. The doctor has had some strong inducements to turn elsewhere, but we hope the Buffalo Run people will be so fortunate as to secure the services of a regular graduate and a thoroughly educated and well qualified physician, as we know Dr. Thompson to be.

—Mr. Robert D. McKinney, a prominent citizen of Philipsburg, died in that place on Saturday, the 13th inst., aged thirty-three years. At the time of his death he held the position of postmaster of Philipsburg, and was a faithful and accommodating official. The funeral of the deceased was largely attended, the Moshannon lodge and Encampment of I. O. U. F., and the G. A. Post being in attendance.

—The weather managers are trying to suit everybody this month. Monday morning when the sun rose there wasn't a cloud as large as your hat visible anywhere, and the air was as balmy as May; but in a short time the sky was overcast and in less than an hour it was snowing like guns.

—The law card of J. H. Vosburg, Esq., who may be found at the room formerly occupied by D. S. Keller, Esq., will be found in this issue. Parties who have matters to attend to in the courts cannot trust their affairs in abler hands.

—General Beaver has declined the invitation of the G. A. R. Post of Altoona to deliver an oration in that city on Decoration Day, having an engagement of long standing to fill at Columbia, Lancaster county.

—The Commander of the Department of Pennsylvania, G. A. R., Mr. C. W. Hazzard, has issued an order fixing Saturday, May 29, as Decoration Day.

—Tremendous stock of men's and boy's clothing at Goldsmith, Stein & Hexter's.

Conference Appointments.

The following appointments for Altoona district of the M. E. church, which embraces Bellefonte, were made at the late meeting of the Central Pennsylvania Conference at Altoona. As will be seen Rev. A. D. Yocum, of this place, has been assigned to the Carlisle charge, and Rev J. Donahue comes to Bellefonte. The Methodist people were surprised, and not a little discomforted, on learning of this change, as they had confidently expected that Rev. Yocum would be returned to them for another term. Rev. Yocum is an exceedingly pleasant and affable gentleman, an earnest worker in the cause, and won hosts of friends during his stay in Bellefonte who will wish him every success in his new field of labor. Below are the appointments:

S. C. SWALLOW, Presiding Elder, Postoffice Tyrone, Blair county, Pa.
Altoona, First church—B. F. Hamlin.
" Eighth avenue—J. B. Young.
" Chestnut avenue—T. Sherlock.
Hollidaysburg—J. B. Shaver.
Duncansville—L. F. Smith.
Martinsburg—M. L. Smith.
Williamsburg—W. W. Dunmire.
Logan Valley—G. Guyer.
Tyrone—F. B. Riddle.
Port Matilda—J. R. King.
Milesburg and Unionville—J. A. Woolward.
Howard—H. F. Cares, A. R. Cronce.
Pennsvalley—J. B. Akers.
Bellefonte—J. Donahue.
Pleasant Gap—E. W. Wonner.
Half Moon—G. W. Bouse.
Pine Grove—L. G. Heck.
Warrior's Mark—I. Heckman.
Birmingham—H. S. Mendenhall.
Philipsburg—A. M. Creighton.
Grahamton—W. R. Whitney.
Osceola and Houtzdale—W. S. Wilson.
Clearfield—G. Leidy.
Woodland—R. E. Wilson.
Clearfield Circuit—C. W. Burnley.
Curwensville—J. Curns.
Lumber City—I. Edwards.
New Washington—G. R. Ague.
Glen Hope—F. Adams.
Snow Shoe—H. S. Lundy.
Congress Hill—J. F. Craig.
Ore Hill—To be supplied.

Rev. George W. Miller, formerly of this place, goes to Wilmington, Del., where he received a very urgent call several months ago.

—Register Burchfield has resigned his position as leader of the Mountain City Band. Under his leadership and careful training, the band has wonderfully improved during the past two years, and is now considered one of the finest bands in the State, and the friends of the organization and the public will regret to learn of Mr. Burchfield's withdrawal. He promises, however, to keep a lookout for the best interests of the band and says it shall not go down.

—As announced last week Rev. George W. Miller, formerly of this place, occupied the pulpit of the M. E. church on Sunday last. We were not present, but are informed that the church was crowded, both morning and evening, by the large congregation and friends of the reverend gentleman. His sermons are spoken of as having been unusually interesting and effective.

—The Howard Literary Society presented the comedy, "The People's Lawyer," at Lucas' Hall in that place on Saturday evening last. The entertainment also embraced tableaus, recitations, etc. We were not present, but are informed that the hall was well filled, and the affair a great success.

—Mr. Clint. Lindsey, formerly engaged in the cigar business in this place, is back to his old quarters on a brief furlough. Clint. is now located in the Smoky City, but doesn't like the idea of changing his collar three times a day. It must soot him, though.

—Parties who have changed their location should, as soon as they get their houses put to rights, go immediately to Sechler's and lay in a stock of their choice groceries; then they will feel at home and will not notice the inconveniences of moving.

—The New York *Herald* acknowledges the receipt of $8.50 from an entertainment lately held in the Opera House, Altoona, for the benefit of the suffering Irish. Not a tremendous lift, but every penny helps to swell the fund.

—The meeting for the election of officers of Company B, Fifth Regiment, N. G. of Pa., was held at the armory in this place on Saturday last, but on account of a slim attendance the election was postponed.

—Companies A, B, and G, of the Fifth Regiment, N. G. of Pa., have been ordered to return the Springfield rifles in their possession. They will be exchanged for rifles of an improved pattern.

—Moving day is near at hand. Those who contemplate changing about should be getting up a list of suitable adjectives to use on this occasion.

—Goldsmith, Stein & Hexter's have the largest stock of clothing to be found in Centre county. These goods are of first-class material and strongly made.

—Rev. J. Donahue, the new appointee for this charge, will preach his first sermon in the M. E. church next Sunday morning.

—A thrifty wide-awake merchant is known by the advertisement he keeps—standing in his local paper.

Another Citizen Gone.

It is our sad duty to chronicle this week the death of Mr. Joseph Schnell, which occurred at his residence on Bishop street on Monday afternoon last, in his 69th year, of pneumonia, after an illness of several weeks, during which he suffered intensely at times, but bore all with a calm resignation and fortitude.

Mr. Schnell was born in Strasburg, France, in 1821, and came to America with his parents when a small boy. He was raised in Philadelphia, and afterwards removed to Clearfield. In 1834 he was married to Catherine Brew, sister of our fellow-townsman, S. Austin Brew. From Clearfield he moved to Milesburg, this county, and in 1840 settled in Bellefonte, where he had since resided. He was the father of eleven children, eight of whom, five sons and three daughters, are still living. Mr. Schnell was one of our most prominent and highly respected citizens, and in 1878 was elected to the office of Poor Overseer, which position he filled until the spring election of 1880. This was the only public office he had filled, we believe, while a resident of Centre county. The deceased was a very pleasant and sociable gentleman, and a kind father and husband. During the many long years that his wife, whom he survives but six months, was confined to a bed of sickness, he was never known to complain, and a frown was never seen upon his face. Father O'Brian attended him in his last moments, and he died a happy and willing death, fully confiding in the Catholic faith.

The funeral will take place at 2 o'clock next Thursday afternoon.

—The third and last concert of the season of the Milesburg musical association will be given on Friday evening, March 24th, in the Presbyterian church of that place. An attractive programme is being arranged for this concert, and it promises to be one of the best ever given by the association. The proceeds are for the benefit of the Presbyterian church of Milesburg.

—"Col. Walls," well-known in this place, died near Unionville on Friday of last week. He is said to have been a highly educated man and was a shoemaker by trade. Of late years he had taken to drink, and spent the most of his time in wandering aimlessly about the country. He was buried on Sunday.

—Mr. John Hess, the carriage maker on Bishop street, has sold out his interest in the business and moved back to his old home at Pine Grove. Mr. John Bartroff, formerly proprietor of the manufactory, will again conduct the business.

—It is reported that a man came all the way from Spring Mills to see "Kit, the Arkansas Traveler," at the Opera House on Tuesday evening of last week, but at the first discharge of firearms on the stage immediately got up and "dusted."

—Some mischievous person, whose bump of destructiveness must be very prominent, has been amusing himself by disfiguring a number of shade trees on Linn street with a knife. If the party is found out it will go hard with him.

— First-class accommodations at Garman's popular hotel, located in the centre of the town. Commercial men and others who visit Bellefonte will find Mr. Garman and his son pleasant gentlemen to deal with.

—Miss Mary Shrom, one of our public school teachers, has been unable to teach for some time past on account of illness. During her absence her place was very creditably filled by Miss Kate Powers.

—Mr. John L. Forster, of College township, gave us a call last week. Mr. Forster reports that the grass lands in his vicinity are looking finely and give promise of an abundant crop next season.

—Mr. Thomas Mingle, of Aaronsburg, is clerking at Goldman's clothing store. He is a son of ex-commissioner Mingle, and is a very pleasant and accommodating young man.

—Sunday was a clear, pleasant day, and a great many of our citizens, who had been kept indoors by disagreeable weather, were out enjoying the sunshine and the bracing air.

—The residence of Mr. Frank Burds, of Aaronsburg, was slightly damaged by fire on Friday night, the 12th instant. The fire caught from the chimney.

—A Cambria county man has entered into a recognizance of $500 to keep the peace towards his mother-in-law. No more fun for him.

—Promenaders were out "mooning" in full force on Monday night. Pleasant moonlight nights in March are not numerous.

—Like Bellefonte, Lock Haven does not appreciate a skating rink.

The Water Works.

At the regular meeting of Town Council on Monday evening of last week the following report was submitted to the Water Committee:

"The water Committee beg leave to report: That the machinery at the Water Works is in complete working order and the engineer and superintendent of water pipes continue to perform their duties to the satisfaction of your committee.

"Your committee do further report, that it has come to their knowelege that the dam adjacent to the Spring and Water Works has been raised eight or nine inches within a few years, backing an excess of water on the turbine water wheel, thereby reducing its power from eight to ten per cent., which amounts to at least 100,000 gallons per week. The witnesses to these facts are Albert Ammerman, George A. Bayard, Bartram Galbraith, Jesse Klinger, Cyrus Strickland, James L. Sommerville and John A. Wagner. In view of these facts, your committee respectfully recommend that the solicitor be instructed to institute such proceedings in equity as shall require the owners of said dam to reduce the breast of the same to its legal height.

WILLIAM SHORTLIDGE,
Chair'n Committee.

The report was adopted and the following resolution offered by Mr. McClure, seconded by Mr. Meek:

"*Resolved*, That in accordance with the report of the Water Committee, submitted at this meeting, the solicitor be directed to commence proceedings forwith to have the dam of Hale & Duncan lowered to the proper height, so that there may be no obstruction to the flow of water from the Spring."

If, as set forth in the above report, the height of this dam reduces the power of the wheel at the Water Works from eight to ten per cent., amounting to 100,000 gallons per week, it is high time such proceedings were instituted as would lead to the lowering of it to the proper height.

—The Stationing Committee of the Central Pennsylvania Conference of the Evangelical Church have made the following appointments for Williamsport district:

A. L. Reeser, Presiding Elder.
Williamsport, Market St.—D. W. Miller.
" Bennett St.—M. J. Carothers.
" Circuit—R. Young.
Lock Haven—Jacob Young.
Jersey Shore—H. W. Buck and F. S. Vought.
Nittany Valley—J. A. Irvine and J. M. Dick.
Sugar Valley—D. P. Kline.
Lycoming—A. Knause.
Milesburg—J. J. Lohr.
Centre Hall—J. Boas.
Newberry—J. C. Reeser.
Liberty—M. Sloat.
East Liberty—A. Stapleton.
Canton—J. N. King.
Danville—W. W. Wallace.
Seneca—Edwin Swengle.

—Mr. Frank P. Blair, the popular jeweler, has been making some extensive improvements at his place of business on Allegheny street. Painters and carpenters have been at work for some time beautifying the walls and woodwork of the room, which, with the addition of four very handsome and costly show cases, all of glass, makes it the most thoroughly appointed jewelry establishment in this section.

—Mr. W. B. Bacon, of Boston, Inspector of the National Bell Telephone Company, was in town last week looking after the interests of his company. He reports the telephone exchange in this place in an excellent condition, which speaks well for the care and attention of Messrs. Malin and Longwell, the gentlemen in charge.

—The firm of Alexander & Co., dealers in agricultural implements, seeds, coal, lime, plaster, etc., are adorning the south side of the REPUBLICAN building with a handsome and attractive sign. The work is being done by the Williams Brothers, of this place, who are acknowledged to be first-class workmen.

—Rev. R. Crittenden, of this place, who, as every one knows, is an earnest and patient worker in the Sunday-school cause, addressed the Sunday-schools of Unionville on Sunday last, and also preached a sermon for the benefit of the cause in that place.

—Thursday last was a beautiful March day. The bright, warm sun and clear sky, dispelled the gloom from many a face that had become sullen and clouded from a superabundance of slushy, disagreeable weather.

—James Harris & Co. are sole agents for the Centre Hall plows and repairs—the best plow in the market—iron or wooden beam, and sold at the low figure of $7.50 complete.

—Vennor's big snow storm for last Wednesday was two days behind time, reaching here on Friday. But it was a pretty good guess, nevertheless.

—Mr. J. Tresher, of Centre Hall, is afflicted with a severe stroke of paralysis. One side of his body is entirely paralyzed.

—Fishing tackle repaired at Deschner's, on High street, Bellefonte.

—Valentines are opening new goods every day.

—Thecdore Deschner, at his gun store on High street, Bellefonte, Pa., has the largest and best assortment of fishing-tackle that can be found in Centre county. We say this of our own knowledge, for we have seen it. He has also some of the best fishing rods to be seen anywhere outside of Philadelphia, powder, and shot-guns and revolvers of every description, from an old-fashioned flint-lock to the most improved modern weapon, flies and lines for both trout and bass, all kinds of rods from the cheapest to the most elegant manufactured bamboo. He will also repair guns, fishing paraphernalia, trunks, locks, or almost anything that can be fixed. Call and see him, if you want anything in his line.

—A social dance will be given in Bush's Hall on Monday night, March 29th, (Easter Monday.) The ball will be under the management of Messrs. John Sourbeck and Fred. Smith, both gentlemen of experience in matters pertaining to the art. Good music will be furnished and every effort made to make the affair a success. All persons of a respectable character are cordially invited to attend.

—Mr. Frank B. Stover sold his stock, farming implements and household furniture at public sale on the 18th inst. The sale was largely attended and the property brought good prices, over $2,000 being realized. Mr. Stover desires to thank his friends for the good bidding and excellent behavior on this occasion.

—Fishing tackle at reasonable rates, and best assortment in the county, at Deschner's Sporting Emporium on High street, Bellefonte, Pa.

—William H. Stine, one of Potters Mills most influential citizens, was among the visitors to this office last week.

—Mr. George Crosthwaite, of East Waverly, N. Y., is spending a few days with his parents in this place.

—The largest stock of farmers' utensils at H. K. Hick's.

—I have known the *South Bend Chilled Plow* to run forty rods without touching handles.—H. K. Hicks.

CUT this out and hand it to your neighbor
BROWN'S DIABETIC CURE,
Established 8 years ago at Green Springs Sandusky county, Ohio, continues to be the wonder of the age in its marvelous cures of *Diabetes, Diarrœa, Gravel*, and all forms of *Kidney* and *Bladder* Diseases. To be convinced come or send for a circular and sworn testimony. J. L. BROWN, M. D., Physician in charge.
O. J. SHUTTS, } Trustees. 11-15-1y
S. H. SMITH, }

HAPPY VOICES. (Copyrighted.)
How glad happy voices,
Like sweet Sabbath bells,
O'er the hills and the vales,
The glad story tells
of the celebrated STAR PARLOR ORGAN, manufactured by Alleger, Bowlby & Co., Washington, N. J. The finest organ for less money than any in the United States. Write to them.

Sale Register.

Persons having their bills printed at the REPUBLICAN office will secure notice of sale free of charge in this column:

March 23d.—Sale of personal property in Patton township.

March 25—Personal property near Fillmore.

March 27—Estate of John Workman, dec'd., at Eagleville, Liberty township, containing one-third acre of ground, thereon erected a one and a half story dwelling house.

March 27—Personal property one mile east of Milesburg.

March 31.—At the residence of Dr. James McKee, Stormstown, work horses, cows, young cattle, sheep, pigs, farming implements, and household furniture.

PRIVATE SALES—William D. Smith will sell at private sale a valuable farm of 80 acres in Union twp. Good buildings on premises.

Elias Zimmerman, at Curtin's station, a farm on which there is a valuable ore mine and 50 acres of wood. P. O. address, Milesburg.

A. S. Tipton, Marsh Creek, farm on which there is 2,000,000 feet of oak and pine timber, saw-mill, etc. P. O address, Howard.

For further information in regard to above see advertisements in another column.

MARRIED.

CALHOUN—SHIRK.—March 18th, at the house of the bride's parents, in Union township, by Rev. J. B. Shaver, Mr. Harrison Calhoun, of Unionville, and Miss Clara B. Shirk, of Union township.

The Markets.

BELLEFONTE, March 23, 1880.

QUOTATIONS.

Whitewheat per bushel	$1 30
Amber wheat	1 30
Rye per bushel	60
Corn, cob	45
Corn, shelled	50
Oats new	40
Cloverseed	$5 00@5 50
Flour, retail, per barrel	6 75@7 00
Flour, wholesale	6 75@7 00

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$15 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	14 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	6 50
Short straw per ton	5 50@6 50

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$ 8 50
Nova Scotia, ground, per ton	10 00

Provision Market.

Corrected weekly by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	25
Chickens per pound	5
Cheese per pound	20
Country hams per pound	9
Hams, sugar cured	
Bacon	7
Lard per pound	7
Eggs per doz	12½
Potatoes per bushel	35
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	25
Canned tomatoes per can	15
Lemons per doz	40
Dried sweet corn per pound	8
Small Onions per quart	